

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI PALERMO

DEPARTMENT	Biomedicina, Neuroscienze e Diagnostica avanzata
ACADEMIC YEAR	2023/2024
MASTER'S DEGREE (MSC)	MEDICINE AND SURGERY
SUBJECT	IMAGE DIAGNOSTICS
TYPE OF EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITY	В
AMBIT	50411-Discipline radiologiche e radioterapiche
CODE	02324
SCIENTIFIC SECTOR(S)	MED/36
HEAD PROFESSOR(S)	BRANCATELLI Professore Ordinario Univ. di PALERMO GIUSEPPE
	CARUSO GIUSEPPE Professore Associato Univ. di PALERMO
	GALIA MASSIMO Professore Ordinario Univ. di PALERMO
OTHER PROFESSOR(S)	
CREDITS	5
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	75
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)	50
PROPAEDEUTICAL SUBJECTS	13246 - SYSTEMATIC PATHOLOGY I - INTEGRATED COURSE
	13248 - SYSTEMATIC PATHOLOGY II - INTEGRATED COURSE
	13257 - SYSTEMATIC PATHOLOGY IV - INTEGRATED COURSE
	13253 - SYSTEMATIC PATHOLOGY III - INTEGRATED COURSE
MUTUALIZATION	
YEAR	4
TERM (SEMESTER)	2° semester
ATTENDANCE	Mandatory
EVALUATION	Out of 30
TEACHER OFFICE HOURS	BRANCATELLI GIUSEPPE
	Monday 10:00 11:00 UFFICIO 131 SECONDO PIANO SEZIONE SCIENZE RADIOLOGICHE
	CARUSO GIUSEPPE
	Monday 14:00 15:00 Dipartimento Diagnostica per Immagini Policlinico Palermo
	Tuesday 13:00 14:00 Cefpas Caltanissetta
	GALIA MASSIMO
	Monday 9:00 12:00 Sezione di Scienze Radiologiche, stanza n. 93, primo piano.Dipartimento di Biomedicina, Neuroscienze e Diagnostica avanzata.

DOCENTE: Prof. GIUSEPPE BRANCATELLI- Sede IPPOCRATE **PREREQUISITES** The student must have knowledge in the field of physics, anatomy, physiology and pathology in order to understand the content and the learning objectives of the course. 1. KNOWLEDGE AND CAPACITY OF COMPREHENSION LEARNING OUTCOMES To learn the basics of the different diagnostic methods for images. To understand the biological effects of ionizing radiation. To know the possibilities and limits, indications, contraindications and risks of the various methods of investigation. To keep elementary knowledge on radiologic semeiology of the major pathologies with reference to different organs and apparatus. To have general notions on techniques and indications of interventional radiology. nuclear medicine and radiotherapy. 2. CAPACITY TO APPLY KNOWLEDGE AND COMPREHENSION To know how to recognize the main normal anatomical structures for a conventional x-ray examination, ultrasound, computer tomography and magnetic resonance imaging. To be able to find epidemiological and clinical information before making the choice of the diagnostic test to be used. To keep adequate knowledge and understanding of the main imaging techniques. To be able to require the most appropriate diagnostic test in the different clinical scenarios, according to criteria that provide basic principles of cost benefit, radiation protection, land availability and invasiveness of diagnostic methods. To know how to apply the major integrated diagnostic algorithms for assessing the most serious or common clinical situations. To be able to choose the best strategies and tools to get a proper diagnosis and to properly use the therapeutic options offered by interventional radiology, nuclear medicine, and radiation therapy. 3. AUTONOMY OF JUDGMENT To evaluate autonomously the professional issues related to the notions of the course; Ability to evaluate scientifically and autonomously the basic knowledge provided by the module; Ability to face general themes related to image diagnostics. 4. COMMUNICATION SKILLS Ability to communicate and disseminate the notions acquired during the module in professional field with scientific / clinical methodology. 5. LEARNING CAPACITIES The method used is to provide the student with the basic knowledge of the discipline with targeted insights useful for performing the functions of the profession of the medical doctor. The student will be able to independently learn any concepts, solutions and updates that may be required during his / her training and profession. ASSESSMENT METHODS Tests will take place through an oral exam or a written questionnaire with multiple-choice questions. The evaluation is expressed in 30/30 with the following evaluation method: 30-30 and laude: Excellent knowledge of the subject matter, good analytical ability, the student is able to apply the knowledge to solve the problems proposed. 26-29: Good knowledge of arguments, the student is able to apply knowledge to solve the proposed problems. 24-25: Basic knowledge of the main topics, with limited ability to apply knowledge to the problem. 21-23: The student is not able to analyze the main subjects of the discipline but retains fair knowledge, with poor ability to apply the acquired knowledge independently. 18-20: Minimum knowledge of the main topics of the course, little or no ability to apply the acquired knowledge independently. Insufficient: the student does not have an acceptable knowledge of the contents of the topics covered in the course. The questionnaire will consist of a few dozen of questions with multiple possible answers, only one of which will be correct. The test will be aimed at ensuring the expected learning outcomes. The exam duration is 30 minutes. **EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES** Ability to use the theoretical knowledge in a practical context. To learn about the management of the workflow in radiology department. To display the way 'of execution of traditional radiology exams, ultrasound, CT, To view the reporting of traditional radiology exams, ultrasound, CT, MRI. To identify the key radiographic findings in the light of the report. To display image processing techniques in CT and MR. Case based interactive discussions based on a problem solving approach. TEACHING METHODS Digital tools such as Kahoot! and SLIDO will be used by the students to interact with the teacher and to test their knowledge LEARNING RADIOLOGY, FOURTH EDITION SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY ISBN: 978-0-323-56729-9 William Herring, MD, FACR Vice Chairman and Residency Program Director Einstein Healthcare Network Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Diagnostica per immagini e radioterapia di Cittadini Giorgio - Cittadini Giuseppe

- Sardanelli Francesco Editore: EDRA – MASSON

Genere: scienze mediche. medicina

Argomento: diagnostica medica, radioterapia

Edizione: VII 2015 Pagine: 1150 ISBN: 8821440001 ISBN-13: 9788821440007 Data pubblicazione: 2015

Manuale di diagnostica per immagini nella pratica medica di Francesco

Giovagnorio Editore: Esculapio Edizione: 3

Data di Pubblicazione: marzo 2021 EAN: 9788893852548

EAN: 9788893852548 ISBN: 8893852543 Pagine: 384 Formato: cartonato

Hrs	Frontal teaching
1	PHYSICS OF RADIATION - TECHNIQUES AND METHODOLOGY - CONTRAST MEDIA -Properties 'and mode' of production of X-rays and ionizing radiation (electromagnetic and corpuscular)Radiation Nonionizing: physical characteristics and applications in Diagnostic ImagingPrinciples Of image formation (analog and digital).
1	Contrast media: classification and characteristics; clinical applications; adverse reactions and related measures.
1	Computed tomography: principles.
2	Ultrasound: the physics of ultrasound and general notions on the equipment.
3	Magnetic resonance imaging: physical principles and general notions on the equipment.
2	Nuclear Medicine: physical principles and general notions on the equipment.
2	Vascular and Interventional Radiology: generality and major procedures.
4	Radiobiology and Radiotherapy -Interaction between ionizing radiation and matter. direct and indirect-action of ionizing radiationDistribution Of the dose over time (curves isoefficacia)Radiosensibilita 'Cell and cell survival curvesEffect OxygenAgents Radiosensitizers and radioprotectiveDamage (Acute and chronic) to ionizing radiation. biological -Effects of non-ionizing radiationPrinciples Of the worker and patient radiation protection and regulatory references. Interstitial and intracavitary radiation therapy. Major radiotherapy equipments (with high energy and conventional energy).
6	IMAGING TECHNIQUES OF RESPIRATORY SYSTEM
4	IMAGING TECHNIQUES OF DIGESTIVE SYSTEM
6	IMAGING TECHNIQUES OF LIVER - BILIARY tract - pancreas - spleen
3	IMAGING TECHNIQUES OF Urinary system, genital system and adrenal glands
2	IMAGING TECHNIQUES OF THYROID - BREAST - SOFT PARTS
3	IMAGING TECHNIQUES OF OSTEOARTICULAR SYSTEM
2	IMAGING TECHNIQUES OF CARDIOVASCULAR, LYMPHATIC, AND HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEMS
3	IMAGING TECHNIQUES OF NERVOUS SYSTEM
5	DEFINITION OF DIAGNOSTIC ALGORITHMS IN MORE COMMON DISEASES

DOCENTE: Prof. GIUSEPPE CARUSO- Sede HYPATIA PREREQUISITES The student must have knowledge in the field of physics, anatomy, physiology and pathology in order to understand the content and the learning objectives of the course LEARNING OUTCOMES 1. KNOWLEDGE AND CAPACITY OF COMPREHENSION To learn the basics of the different diagnostic methods for images. To understand the biological effects of ionizing radiation. To know the possibilities and limits, indications, contraindications and risks of the various methods of investigation. To keep elementary knowledge on radiologic semeiology of the major pathologies with reference to different organs and apparatus. To have general notions on techniques and indications of interventional radiology. nuclear medicine and radiotherapy. 2. CAPACITY TO APPLY KNOWLEDGE AND COMPREHENSION To know how to recognize the main normal anatomical structures for a conventional x-ray examination, ultrasound, computer tomography and magnetic resonance imaging. To be able to find epidemiological and clinical information before making the choice of the diagnostic test to be used. To keep adequate knowledge and understanding of the main imaging techniques. To be able to require the most appropriate diagnostic test in the different clinical scenarios, according to criteria that provide basic principles of cost benefit, radiation protection, land availability and invasiveness of diagnostic methods. To know how to apply the major integrated diagnostic algorithms for assessing the most serious or common clinical situations. To be able to choose the best strategies and tools to get a proper diagnosis and to properly use the therapeutic options offered by interventional radiology, nuclear medicine, and radiation therapy. 3. AUTONOMY OF JUDGMENT To evaluate autonomously the professional issues related to the notions of the course; Ability to evaluate scientifically and autonomously the basic knowledge provided by the module; Ability to face general themes related to image diagnostics. 4. COMMUNICATION SKILLS Ability to communicate and disseminate the notions acquired during the module in professional field with scientific / clinical methodology. 5. LEARNING CAPACITIES The method used is to provide the student with the basic knowledge of the discipline with targeted insights useful for performing the functions of the profession of the medical doctor. The student will be able to independently learn any concepts, solutions and updates that may be required during his / her training and profession. ASSESSMENT METHODS Tests will take place through an oral exam or a written questionnaire with multiple-choice questions. The evaluation is expressed in 30/30 with the following evaluation method: 30-30 and laude: Excellent knowledge of the subject matter, good analytical ability, the student is able to apply the knowledge to solve the problems proposed. 26-29: Good knowledge of arguments, the student is able to apply knowledge to solve the proposed problems. 24-25: Basic knowledge of the main topics, with limited ability to apply knowledge to the problem. 21-23: The student is not able to analyze the main subjects of the discipline but retains fair knowledge, with poor ability to apply the acquired knowledge independently. 18-20: Minimum knowledge of the main topics of the course, little or no ability to apply the acquired knowledge independently. Insufficient: the student does not have an acceptable knowledge of the contents of the topics covered in the course. The questionnaire will consist of a few dozen of questions with multiple possible answers, only one of which will be correct. The test will be aimed at ensuring the expected learning outcomes. The exam duration is 30 minutes Ability to use the theoretical knowledge in a practical context. **EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES** To learn about the management of the workflow in radiology department. To display the way 'of execution of traditional radiology exams, ultrasound, CT, To view the reporting of traditional radiology exams, ultrasound, CT, MRI. To identify the key radiographic findings in the light of the report. To display image processing techniques in CT and MR. Case based interactive discussions based on a problem solving approach. TEACHING METHODS Digital tools such as Kahoot! and SLIDO will be used by the students to interact with the teacher and to test their knowledge LEARNING RADIOLOGY, FOURTH EDITION SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY ISBN: 978-0-323-56729-9 William Herring, MD, FACR Vice Chairman and Residency Program Director Einstein Healthcare Network

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2	Vascular and Interventional Radiology: generality and major procedures.
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6	IMAGING TECHNIQUES OF RESPIRATORY SYSTEM
4	IMAGING TECHNIQUES OF DIGESTIVE SYSTEM
6	IMAGING TECHNIQUES OF LIVER - BILIARY tract - pancreas - spleen
3	IMAGING TECHNIQUES OF Urinary system, genital system and adrenal glands
2	IMAGING TECHNIQUES OF THYROID - BREAST - SOFT PARTS
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3	IMAGING TECHNIQUES OF NERVOUS SYSTEM
5	DEFINITION OF DIAGNOSTIC ALGORITHMS IN MORE COMMON DISEASES

DOCENTE: Prof. MASSIMO GALIA- Sede CHIRONE

PREREQUISITES	The student must have knowledge in physics, anatomy, physiology and general pathology in order to understand the contents and learning objectives of the course.
LEARNING OUTCOMES	1. KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING To Know the physical bases of the different diagnostic imaging methods. Understanding the biological effects of ionizing radiation. To Know possibilities and limits, indications, contraindications and risks of the different methods of investigation. To possess elementary knowledge on radiological semeiology of the main pathologies with reference to the various organs and systems. To possess general notions on techniques and indications of interventional radiology, medicine nuclear and radiotherapy. 2. ABILITY TO APPLY KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING To Know how to recognize the main normal anatomical structures on an examination of traditional radiology, ultrasound, computed tomography and resonance imaging magnetic. To be able to find epidemiological and clinical information before making the choice of diagnostic test to use. To possess adequate knowledge and understanding of major imaging techniques, and to know how to request the most appropriate diagnostic test in different clinical scenarios, according to criteria that favor the elementary principles of cost benefit, of radiation protection, local availability and invasiveness of the methods diagnostic. To Know how to apply the main integrated diagnostic algorithms for evaluations of the most serious or most common clinical situations. To be able to independently choose the best strategies and tools to achieve correct diagnosis, and correctly use the therapeutic options offered from interventional radiology, nuclear medicine and radiotherapy. 3. AUTONOMY OF JUDGMENT Independently assess the professional problems related to the notions of course; ability to scientifically and independently evaluate basic knowledge provided by the form; ability to deal with general issues relating to diagnostic imaging. 4. COMMUNICATION SKILLS Ability to communicate and disseminate the knowledge acquired during the module in own professional field with scientific / clinical methodology in the context of diagnostic imaging. 5. LEARNING SKILLS
ASSESSMENT METHODS	educational and professional. The assessment of students' learning level will consist of a written test, through the solution of multiple closed questions, of which a correct one, proposals on topics covered in the course, to be completed in thirty minutes. To successfully pass the assessment of learning, the student must demonstrate, through the test, that he has understood the concepts presented in the course, thus possessing a basic knowledge of the technologies covered in the course, as well as having developed an adequate familiarity 'with the topics covered. A score between zero and thirty will be assigned to the written test. The overall grade, out of thirty, will be rounded upwards. The assessment will be based on the following score table: Indicator - Knowledge and competence of contents Descriptor and score range: Excellent 10 Autonomous and effective 8-9 Acceptable 6-7 Fragmentary or partly superficial 4-5 Inadequate 0-3 Indicator - Applicative skill, precision, logical-thematic coherence Descriptor and score range: Excellent 10 Adequate 8-9 Acceptable also if partly driven 6-7 Limited 4-5 Inadequate 0-3 Indicator - Reprocessing skills and multi-disciplinary connections Descriptor and score range: Excellent 10 Effective and well-structured 8-9 Generally satisfactory 6-7 Hesitant and rough 4-5 Inadequate 0-3 Alternatively, the learning assessment may consist of an oral test: some questions will be asked to the student about the program with reference to the lessons and recommended texts. This verification will aim to assess if the student has knowledge and understanding of the topics covered, exhibition skills and arguments. The greater this knowledge and capacity, the more positive the evaluation will be. In order for the overall outcome of the assessment to be positive, the student must achieve at least the sufficiency, equal to eighteen points. The maximum evaluation will be achieved by demonstrating a thorough knowledge of the course contents. Praise will be reserved for students who have complet

	assessment will be based on the following score table: Indicator - Knowledge and competence of contents Descriptor and score range: Excellent 10 Autonomous and effective 8-9 Acceptable 6-7 Fragmentary or partly superficial 4-5 Inadequate 0-3 Indicator - Applicative skill, precision, logical-thematic coherence Descriptor and score range: Excellent 10 Adequate 8-9 Acceptable also if partly driven 6-7 Limited 4-5 Inadequate 0-3 Indicator - Expression and terminology, reprocessing skills and multi-disciplinary connections Descriptor and score range: Excellent 10 Effective and well-structured 8-9 Generally satisfactory 6-7 Hesitant and rough 4-5 Inadequate 0-3
EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES	To use theoretical knowledge in the reference practical context. To learn about the workflow management of a diagnostic section of imaging. To show the execution modalities of traditional radiology exams, ultrasound, CT, MRI. To show the reports of traditional radiology exams, ultrasound, CT, MRI. To identify key radiographic findings in light of the report. To show image processing techniques in CT and MRI.
TEACHING METHODS	Classroom lessons.
SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY	Diagnostica per immagini e radioterapia di Cittadini Giorgio - Cittadini Giuseppe - Sardanelli Francesco Editore: EDRA – MASSON Genere: scienze mediche. medicina Argomento: diagnostica medica, radioterapia Edizione: VII 2015 Pagine: 1150 ISBN: 8821440001 ISBN-13: 9788821440007 Data pubblicazione: 2015 Verranno indicati alcuni argomenti da approfondire mediante lo studio di passi scelti nel testo, da integrare con il materiale didattico fornito dal docente.

	SILLABOS
Hrs	Frontal teaching
4	PHYSICS OF RADIATIONS - TECHNIQUES AND METHODOLOGY - CONTRAST MEDIA - Properties and methods of production of X-rays and ionizing radiations (electromagnetic and corpuscular) No radiation ionizing agents: physical characteristics and applications in Diagnostic Imaging.
2	Contrast media: classification and characteristics; clinical applications; adverse reactions and related therapy.
3	Computed Tomography: basic principles.
3	Ultrasound: ultrasound physics and general notions on equipment.
3	Magnetic Resonance: physical principles and general notions on equipment.
2	Nuclear Medicine: physical principles and general notions on equipment.
2	Vascular and interventional radiology: generalities and main procedures.
4	RADIOBIOLOGY AND RADIOTHERAPY -Interaction between ionizing radiation and biological tissuesDirect and indirect action of ionizing radiation Dose distribution over time (iso-efficacy curves)Cellular radiosensitivity and cell survival curvesOxygen effect Radiosensitizing and radioprotective agents Damage (acute and chronic) from ionizing radiationBiological effects of non-ionizing radiationPrinciples of worker and patient radiation protection and references regulatoryInterstitial and endocavitary radiotherapy Notes on the main radiotherapy equipment (with high conventional energies and energies).
3	RESPIRATORY SYSTEM -Techniques of study of the chest and mediastinum Pomonary opacity and hyper-transparencyInterstitial disease Expansive processes of the lung and mediastinum: study protocolsRadio-isotope study of the respiratory system Pleural pathology Diaphragmatic pathology.

Hrs	Frontal teaching
3	DIGESTIVE SYSTEM -Double contrast examination: technique and indications Esophageal pathology: study techniques and indicationsCarcinoma of the esophagus: study protocols and semeioticsPeptic disease: study methods and semeiotics Stomach carcinoma: study protocols and semeiotics Hernias of the iatus: classification and semeioticsNeoplasms of the small intestine: study protocols and semeioticsCrohn's disease: study protocols and semeioticsUlcerative colitis: study and semeiotic protocolsDiverticular disease: study protocols and semeioticsNeoplasms of the colon: study protocols and semeioticsNeoplasms of the colon: study protocols and semeioticsAcute abdomen: study techniques and methodology.
3	LIVER - BILIARY TRACT - PANCREAS - SPLEEN -Methods of study of the gallbladder and biliary tract. - Biliary lithiasis and cholecystosis. - Jaundice: study protocols. -Hepatic cirrhosis and portal hypertension: study methods. -Hepatic expansive processes: study protocols and semeiotics. -Pancreatitis. -Pancreatic cancer: study protocols. -Radio-isotope study of the liver and biliary tract. -Techniques and methods of study of the spleen.
3	URO-GENITAL SYSTEM AND ADRENALS - Study techniques of the urogenital systemHematuria: study protocols Renovascular hypertension; angioplasty of the renal arteriesUrinary lithiasis: study protocolsAcute and chronic inflammation of the urinary tractRenal expansive processes: study protocols and semeioticsIndications and methods of study of bladder pathologyIndications and methods of study of prostatic pathology Ovarian pathologyHysterosalpingography and study of female infertilityRadio-isotope study of the urinary systemTechniques and methods of study of the adrenal glands; elementary semeiotics of the main adrenopathies.
2	THYROID - BREAST - SOFT PARTS -Radio-isotopic study of the thyroid Thyroid ultrasound: indications and limitsEcocolor Doppler in thyroid and breast pathology Breast ultrasound: indications and limitsMammography: technique and indications Nodular breast pathology: study protocols.
3	MUSCOLO-SKELETAL SYSTEM -Main methods of radiological and radioisotope study of the skeleton. -Fundamental alterations of bone density and structure: semiotic elementary, osteonecrosis, osteomyelitis and main osteodysplasia. -Scoliosis. -Fractures and dislocations: main radiological features. - Primary and secondary bone tumors. - Methods of study of the joints. -Arthritis and arthrosis. -Techniques of radiological study of the cranial theca, of the maxillofacial skeleton (including the paranasal cavities) and the stomatognathic system (including the temporomandibular joint). Elementary semeiotics of main affections.
2	CARDIOVASCULAR, LYMPHATIC AND HEMOPOIETIC SYSTEM - Conventional radiological study of the heart and great vessels Angiographic and phlebographic methods (with reference to the procedures interventional)Doppler and color-Doppler Cardiological radio-isotopic diagnosticsMain congenital heart diseaseAneurisms and aortic dissectionsLymphography: technique and clinical indications Staging of lymphomas

Hrs	Frontal teaching
3	CENTRAL NEURVOUS SYSTEM -Brain: main imaging study techniquesRadio-isotope study of the brain Intracranial hypertension syndrome Intracranial expansive processes: study protocolsBrain vascular accidents: hemorrhagic and thrombotic stroke Radiological study of the pituitary gland.
	- Spinal cord: main study methods and indications.
5	DIAGNOSTIC ALGORITHMS OF THE MOST COMMON DISEASES OF ORGANS AND SYSTEMS