## UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI PALERMO

| DEPARTMENT | Ingegneria |
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| ACADEMIC YEAR | $2023 / 2024$ |
| BACHELOR'S DEGREE (BSC) | ENERGY ENGINEERING AND RENEWABLE ENERGIES |
| SUBJECT | GEOMETRY |
| TYPE OF EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITY | A |
| AMBIT | $50292-$ Matematica, informatica e statistica |
| CODE | 03675 |
| SCIENTIFIC SECTOR(S) | MAT/03 |
| HEAD PROFESSOR(S) | FAVACCHIO GIUSEPPE Ricercatore a tempodeterminato |
| OTHER PROFESSOR(S) | 6 |
| CREDITS | 96 |
| INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs) | 54 |
| COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs) |  |
| PROPAEDEUTICAL SUBJECTS | 1 |
| MUTUALIZATION | $1^{\circ}$ semester |
| YEAR | Not mandatory |
| TERM (SEMESTER) | Out of 30 |
| ATTENDANCE | FAVACCHIO GIUSEPPE <br> Tuesday $9: 00 \quad 10: 00 ~$ |
| EVALUATION |  |
| TEACHER OFFICE HOURS |  |


| PREREQUISITES | Solving equations and inequalities of degree less than or equal to 3. <br> Factorization of polynomials through elementary procedures such us the <br> "common factor collection" method and the "difference of squares" formula. <br> Goniometric functions: sine, cosine and tangent; and their value in the most <br> important angles. Square root and absolute value of a real number. Elementary <br> logic and elementary set theory. There is no formal prerequisite with other <br> courses. |
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| Knowledge and understanding <br> The student will acquire the knowledge of the main topics of algebra and linear <br> geometry. In particular, definitions and theorems concerning the fundamental <br> concepts of vector spaces, linear applications and endomorphisms, basic <br> constructions and theorems concerning lines and planes in space. |  |
| EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES |  |
| Applying knowledge and understanding: <br> The student will be able to use the theoretical methods and tools introduced <br> during the course to solve problems such as knowing how to calculate the rank <br> of a matrix, knowing how to study a vector space, knowing how to study a linear <br> application, knowing how to determine the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of an <br> endomorphism, knowing the diagonalization of a matrix, being able to solve <br> linear geometry problems concerning points, lines and planes in space. |  |
| ASSESSMENT METHODS | lhe |
| Making judgments |  |
| The student will be stimulated to independently carry out exercises on the topics |  |
| covered in order to critically monitor their own learning process. |  |
| They will be able to autonomously develop solutions to the main problems |  |
| covered by the course; they will choose the most effective strategy based on the |  |
| learned results. |  |
| Constructive discussion with other students and with the teacher will be |  |
| encouraged. |  |


|  | Knowing how to establish the structure of a linear system and put in relation with <br> the whole of the geometric structure of the solutions. <br> Knowing how to determine the eigenvalues and the corresponding eigenspaces <br> of an endomorphism. <br> Knowing how to determine a geometric entity subject to conditions. <br> Knowing how to study the mutual position of two affine subspaces. <br> Knowing how to properly set up a hypothetical-deductive argument. |
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| TEACHING METHODS | The course is organized in frontal lessons and exercises. During the frontal <br> lessons the contents of the course will be rigorously presented and analyzed <br> together with meaningful examples, applications and exercises. The student will <br> be invited to autonomously solve selected exercises. |
| SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY | Appunti e slides del corso del docente (Professor's notes and slides) <br> Serge Lang, "Algebra Lineare", Bollati Boringhieri, 2014; ISBN 978-8833958699 |

## SYLLABUS

| Hrs | Frontal teaching |
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| 4 | Numerical fields. Vector algebra: free vectors, operations with vectors, size and bases. Scalar product, vector <br> product, vector norm, versors. |
| 4 | Vector spaces, generators, linearly independent vectors. Dimension and basis of a vector space. |
| 4 | Matrices, row-reduction, rank and determinant. |
| 4 | Matrices, rank and determinant. Resolution of linear systems. Rouché-Capelli e Cramer theorems. |
| 4 | Study of lines and planes in the space. |
| 4 | Linear maps and their study. |
| 4 | Eigenvalues and eigenvectors. |
| 2 | Matrix similarity. Diagonalizable matrices. |
| Hrs |  |
| 3 | Matrix operations: sum, linear combinations, row-by-column product |
| 3 | Vector algebra. Matrix operations: row reduction, rank, determinant, inverse |
| 3 | Study of linear systems by applying the Theorem of Rouché-Capelli e Cramer. |
| 3 | Linear geometry in the plane and in the space. |
| 3 | Linear functions theory. Image and Kernel subspaces. |
| 3 | Linear functions theory. Matrix representation of a linear map. |
| 3 | Eigenvalues and eigenvectors. |
| 3 | Study of endomorphisms. Matrix similarity. Diagonalizable matrices. |

