

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI PALERMO

DEPARTMENT	Scienze e Tecnologie Biologiche, Chimiche e Farmaceutiche
ACADEMIC YEAR	2021/2022
MASTER'S DEGREE (MSC)	PHARMACY
SUBJECT	ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY
TYPE OF EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITY	A
AMBIT	50324-Discipline Chimiche
CODE	01799
SCIENTIFIC SECTOR(S)	CHIM/01
HEAD PROFESSOR(S)	INDELICATO SERENA Ricercatore a tempo Univ. di PALERMO determinato
OTHER PROFESSOR(S)	
CREDITS	6
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	100
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)	50
PROPAEDEUTICAL SUBJECTS	00133 - GENERAL AND INORGANIC CHEMISTRY
MUTUALIZATION	
YEAR	2
TERM (SEMESTER)	1° semester
ATTENDANCE	Not mandatory
EVALUATION	Out of 30
TEACHER OFFICE HOURS	INDELICATO SERENA
	Monday 11:00 13:00 Il ricevimento puo svolgersi in presenza o on line su piattaforma teams.

DOCENTE: Prof.ssa SERENA INDELICATO PREREQUISITES Structure of the atom: general aspects and electronic configuration; chemical bonds; qualitative and quantitative aspects of chemical reactions, atomic and molecular weights, balance of chemical reactions, nomenclature; mixtures and solutions: concentrations and their units, weak and strong electrolytes, concept of acid and base; definition of buffer solutions and poorly soluble electrolytes. KNOWLEDGE AND COMPREHENSION ABILITY LEARNING OUTCOMES The course aims at providing the basic concepts for the definition of the composition and chemical characteristics of the equilibrium systems in aqueous solution. The concepts will be developed to highlight interactions among equilibrium processes, in order to apply them to chemical analysis. Particular attention will be paid to the necessity to use the appropriate scientific language, with specific reference to the concepts of precision, accuracy, reproducibility and sensitivity of a method in relation to the measurement uncertainties in an analytical procedure. CAPACITY TO APPLY KNOWLEDGE AND COMPREHENSION Ability to define the main chemical characteristics and the reactivity of the aqueous systems and to carry out the data analysis. MAKING JUDGMENTS Skill to identify and integrate the basic concepts developed during the course, in order to critically evaluate equilibrium processes and provide solutions in analytical procedures. ABILITY OF COMMUNICATION Being able to explain the basic concepts with appropriate scientific language. LEARNING CAPACITY Being able to apply the basic concepts in order to solve equilibrium calculations, highlighting different steps of calculation for obtaining a correct analytical result and an appropriate presentation of the final analytical data. The final examination consists of one preliminary, written evaluation and in an ASSESSMENT METHODS oral examination. The evaluation is based on the solution of exercises on the chemical equilibria, and/or data evaluations from instrumental analysis. The evaluation is selective and evaluated on a 30 points scale. To achieve the access to the following oral examination, a minimum score of 18/30 is requested. This type of evaluation has been chosen in order to evidence a sufficient degree of independence of the students in treating the arguments that have been studied. The final evaluation is solely determined by the following oral examination, that allows to verify the degree of knowledge of the teaching topics, the possession of the scientific language and the ability exposure. The student should answer to 2/3 questions based on the whole program and on the reference textbooks. Different ranging of evaluation will be done based on the following considerations: 1) Basic knowledge of topics and ability in processing knowledge for application to Analytical Chemistry. Limited capacity of analysis and exposure of the proposed questions (rating 18-21) 2) Good knowledge of topics and ability in processing knowledge for application to Analytical Chemistry. Good capacity of analysis and exposure of the proposed questions (rating 22-24) 3) Very good knowledge of topics and ability in processing knowledge for application to Analytical Chemistry. Good capacity of analysis and exposure of the proposed questions (rating 25-27) 4) Excellent knowledge of the topics and prompt capacity of knowledge processing for application to Analytical Chemistry. Very good capacity of analysis and exposure of the proposed questions (rating 28-30) 5) Excellent knowledge of the topics, excellent and very smart capacity of processing in order to apply them to Analytical Chemistry, Excellent capacity of analysis and exposure of the proposed questions (rating 30 cum laude) **EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES** Provide to the students, through a careful study of simple and multiple equilibria in aqueous solution, a basic but rigorous knowledge on chemical principles of the qualitative and quantitative chemical analysis. Introduce the students to the sampling techniques, to the fundamentals of the instrumental analysis and to the statistical evaluation of the analytical data. TEACHING METHODS Lessons and excercises, multidisciplinary seminar activity SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY D. A. Skoog, M. West, F. J. Holler, S. R. Crouch, "Fondamenti di Chimica Analitica" (2a Ed. It.), EdiSES, 2005. D. A. Skoog, M. West, F. J. Chimica analitica. Una introduzione D. C. Harris, "Chimica Analitica Quantitativa" (2a Ed. It.), Zanichelli, 2005. D. C. Harris, "FONDAMENTI DI CHIMICA ANALITICA" zanicheli G. D. Christian, "Chimica Analitica", Piccin, 1986.

SYLLABUS

Hrs	Frontal teaching
12	Statistics for chemical data evaluation (14 hours) Sampling, sample preparation, statistical calculations: mean, median, variance and standard deviation Errors and measurement uncertainty - repeated measures data distribution - confidence interval and Student t distribution. Accuracy, precision, sensitivity, detection and quantification limits - Calibration methods - the method of least squares in ordinary linear regression Tests of significance: Comparison of two precisions (F test), comparison of two experimental averages and of an average value with a known value (T test), identification of outliers (Q test)
6	Chemical equilibrium and calculation of the equilibrium concentrations (6 hours) The mass action law, equilibrium constants - mass and charge balance equations - Definition of activity and ionic strength - analytical applications of equilibrium.
6	Acid-base equilibrium (6 hours) Water autoprotolysis equilibrium- monoprotic and polyprotic weak acids and bases - distribution diagrams - ampholytes, acids or bases mixtures, buffer systems. Acid-base titration and titration curves
6	Complex formation Equilibrium (6 hours) Lewis acids and bases, metal / binders complexes, chelating effect and equilibrium constants. Competitive complexation equilibrium: hydrolysis of metals, acid-base reactions of complexes Complexometric titrations with ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid
6	Precipitation equlibria (6 hours) Gravimetric methods of analysis, slightly soluble salts, precipitation phases precipitating agents. Calculation of equilibrium concentrations. Precipitation equilibria in the presence of competitive equilibria, Effect of the common ion on the precipitation equilibrium, pH effect. Examples of volumetric titrations: Mohr, Volhard and Fajans methods for the determination of chlorides.
8	redox equilibrium (8 hours) Galvanic cells and electrodes potentials. The equilibrium condition in the redox-reactions, Nernst equation - Solutions of two redox pairs in the presence of competitive equilibria. Redox titrations.
Hrs	Practice
6	numerical exercises (6 hours) training to acquire the best strategies to solve analytical problems .