

# UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI PALERMO

| DEPARTMENT              | Scienze e   | Tecnol | ogie Bio | ologiche Chimiche e Farma  | ceutiche   |
|-------------------------|---|--------|----------|--|--|
| ACADEMIC YEAR           | Scienze e Tecnologie Biologiche, Chimiche e Farmaceutiche 2020/2021 |        |          |  |  |
| BACHELOR'S DEGREE (BSC) | BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES   |        |          |  |  |
| INTEGRATED COURSE       | PHYSICS AND CHEMICAL PHYSICS WITH PRACTICE                          |        |          |  |  |
| CODE                    | 19762   |        |          |  |  |
| MODULES                 | Yes   |        |          |  |  |
| NUMBER OF MODULES       | 2   |        |          |  |  |
| SCIENTIFIC SECTOR(S)    | 2<br> FIS/07, CHIM/02   |        |          |  |  |
| HEAD PROFESSOR(S)       |   |        | 14 11116 | A Professore Associato   | Univ. di PALERMO   |
|                         | AGLIOLO   |        |          | Professore Associato   | Univ. di PALERMO   |
|                         | AURELIO   |        | 1110     | 1 Tolessore Associate  | Offiv. dri ALLINIO   |
| OTHER PROFESSOR(S)      | SALADIN   | O MAR  | IA LUIS  | A Professore Associato   | Univ. di PALERMO   |
|                         | MICELI M  | ARCO   |          | Professore Associato   | Univ. di PALERMO   |
|                         | AGLIOLO<br>AURELIO  |        | ITTO     | Professore Associato   | Univ. di PALERMO   |
|                         | LOMBARI   | DO REI | NATO     | Ricercatore  | Univ. di PALERMO   |
| CREDITS                 | 9   |        |          |  |  |
| PROPAEDEUTICAL SUBJECTS |   |        |          |  |  |
| MUTUALIZATION           |   |        |          |  |  |
| YEAR                    | 1   |        |          |  |  |
| TERM (SEMESTER)         | 2° semester   |        |          |  |  |
| ATTENDANCE              | Not mandatory   |        |          |  |  |
| EVALUATION              | Out of 30   |        |          |  |  |
| TEACHER OFFICE HOURS    | AGLIOLO GALLITTO<br>AURELIO   |        |          |  |  |
|                         | Tuesday   | 14:00  | 16:00    | Via Archirafi 36, studio del dod<br>Scienze Fisiche). Viale delle S<br>di Ottica e Optometria e gli stu<br>Modalita a distanza. Su appur | scienze, Ed.18 (per gli studenti<br>Identi di Scienze Biologiche). |
|                         | Thursday  | 14:00  | 16:00    | Via Archirafi 36, studio del dod<br>Scienze Fisiche). Viale delle S<br>di Ottica e Optometria e gli stu<br>Modalita a distanza. Su appur | scienze, Ed.18 (per gli studenti identi di Scienze Biologiche).    |
|                         | LOMBARD   | O RENA | ATO      |  |  |
|                         | Tuesday   | 10:00  | 12:00    | Dipartimento STEBICEFStudio Scienze  | o 1/B4, edificio 17, viale delle                                   |
|                         | Thursday  | 10:00  | 12:00    | Dipartimento STEBICEFStudio Scienze  | o 1/B4, edificio 17, viale delle                                   |
|                         | MICELI MA   | ARCO   |          |  |  |
|                         | Wednesday   | 14:30  | 16:30    | Dipartimento di Fisica e Chimi prenotazione via email)   | ca, via Archirafi 36 (con  |
|                         | Thursday  | 14:30  | 16:30    | Dipartimento di Fisica e Chimi prenotazione via email)   | ca, via Archirafi 36 (con  |
|                         | SALADING  | MARIA  | LUISA    |  |  |
|                         | Monday  | 14:00  | 16:00    | Dipartimento STEBICEF, Edifi   | cio 17, piano I  |
|                         | Wednesday   |        | 16:00    | Dipartimento STEBICEF, Edifi   | 7.1  |
|                         | Thursday  |        | 16:00    | Dipartimento STEBICEF, Edifi   |  |

DOCENTE: Prof. AURELIO AGLIOLO GALLITTO- Lettere L-Z **PREREQUISITES** Prerequisites are the topics of Maths, Physics and Chemistry requested to access the Course. Attendance of first semester subject of Maths and General Chemistry are necessary to fully achieve the learning outcomes. Knowledge and understanding. LEARNING OUTCOMES Knowledge of the basic concepts of classical physics, thermodynamics, physical chemistry and chemical kinetics. Knowledge of the scientific method. Applying knowledge and understanding. Students become capable of solving simple problems of general physics, classical thermodynamics and chemical kinetics as samples of rigourous application of the scientific method. Making judgements. Students are able of autonomous choice of physical laws and solving method to simple problem of general physics. They are able to evaluate energy balance and mechanism of simple chemical reactions and biological processes. Communication Students are able of explain clearly and concisely the fundamental laws of classical physics, of thermodynamics and chemical kinetics. Lifelong learning skills. Students are able of understand and deepen the grounds of classical physics, of thermodynamics and chemical kinetics. They are able of understand the physical bases of the operation of instrumentation used in biological and biomedical laboratories. The ongoing test is a self-assessment test (not mandatory) and will not be taken ASSESSMENT METHODS into consideration for the evaluation of the final exams. Final assessment consists of an oral examination preceded, for each scheduled exam, by written resolution of simple Physics and Physical-Chemistry exercises. The written resolution of exercises or tests will be held at the time and place published for every scheduled exam. The written resolution of exercises consists of doing, without the aid of textbooks or notes, basic exercises that involve the main laws of mechanics, fluids, classical thermodynamics, electromagnetism and physical-chemistry. Samples of such exercise are available online through the UNIPA web site. The written resolution of problems is done to check, at equal conditions for all candidates, the degree of knowledge of the physical laws and the ability to apply them in simple situations. Scheduling of the oral test will be announced during the exercises resolution. The oral test consists of an examination-interview concerning discussion of the exercises, with particular reference to the mistakes and the shortcomings highlighted in the resolution of exercises, and knowledge of topics of the syllabus. This test is done to evaluate also the scientific language skills of student and his ability of clear and direct wording. The final assessment, properly graded, will be drawn on the basis of the following conditions: a) basic knowledge of the topics studied, limited language skills (18-21 rating); b) good knowledge of the topics studied and sufficient ability to apply the laws in simple situations, even in a guided way, sufficient presentation and language skills (22-25 rating); c) In-depth knowledge of the topics studied and good ability to apply the laws in simple situations autonomously, good language skills (26-28 rating); d) In-depth knowledge of the topics studied and good ability to apply the laws to new situations autonomously, excellent language and communication skills (29-30L rating). The whole subject is scheduled on second semester of the first year and TEACHING METHODS

The whole subject is scheduled on second semester of the first year and contains two subject: Physics and Physical-Chemistry. Students have to attend frontal teaching during which the couse subjects are introdused and simple exercises are resolved.

A break is done at half of the semester to do an ongoing evaluation (not mandatory) on mechanics, fluids and thermodynamics, which will be assessed as described in the "Assessment methods" section. Only Physics lectures are done before break. Chemical-Physics lectures start after the break.

# MODULE PHYSICS WITH PRACTICE

Prof. AURELIO AGLIOLO GALLITTO - Lettere L-Z, - Lettere L-Z

#### SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Libro di testo: R.A. Serway, J. W. Jewett Jr, Principi di Fisica, V Ed., Edises Libro consigliato: P.L. Kesten, D.L. Tauck, Fondamenti di Fisica, Zanichelli Libro consigliato: J.S. Walker, Fondamenti di Fisica, Pearson - Addison Wesley

Libro di consultazione: R.C. Davidson, Metodi Matematici per un Corso Introduttivo di Fisica, EdiSES

Libro di approfondimento: A. Bartolotta, Meccanica dei Fluidi, EdiSES

Il materiale didattico relativo al modulo è consultabile al seguente link: https://sites.google.com/site/aurelioagliologallitto/didattica/fisica

| AMBIT                                 | 50025-Discipline matematiche, fisiche e informatiche |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)                | 98   |
| COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)                 | 52   |
| EDUCATIONAL OR JECTIVES OF THE MODULE |  |

EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE

The subject is devoted to acquire basic knowledge of classical physics, also by resolving simple problems and exercises.

| Hrs | Frontal teaching  |
|-----|---|
| 6   | Physical quantities, units of measurement, errors, plots. Vectors. Kinematics of a particle in one, two and three dimensions. Motion with constant velocity, motion with constant acceleration, uniform circular motion. Basic elements of rotational kinematics.   |
| 6   | Dynamics of a particle: Newton's laws of motion. Gravitational force, normal force, frictional forces, centripetal force, tension, elastic spring forces. Torque. Basic elements of rotational dynamics.  |
| 6   | Kinetic energy. Work-energy theorem. Conservative and non-conservative forces. Gravitational potential energy. Conservation of mechanical energy. Momentum. Conservation of momentum. Center of mass. Elastic and inelastic collisions. Simple harmonic oscillator.   |
| 6   | Fluid statics: pressure, laws of Pascal and Stevin, Archimedes' principle. Fluid hydrodynamics: flow of an ideal fluid, equation of continuity, Bernoulli's equation. Elemets of viscous fluids, sedimentation and surface tension.   |
| 6   | Thermodynamics. Thermal equilibrium. Temperature scales. Thermal expansion. Heat capacity and specific heat. The ideal gas law. Kinetic theory of gases. The first law of thermodynamics. Internal energy of an ideal gas. Reversible and irreversible thermodynamic transformations. Thermodynamic cycles. Performance of a thermal engine. The second law of thermodynamics and entropy.                              |
| 10  | Electric charge, conductors and insulators, Coulomb's force, superposition principle. Electrostatic field. Electric dipole. Electrostatic potential energy, electrostatic potential. Capacitor. Electric current. Ohm's law. DC circuits. Lorentz's force. Magnetic field. Faraday induction. Electromagnetic waves. Introduction to the interaction of electromagnetic waves with biological matter. Newtonian optics. |
| Hrs | Practice  |
| 12  | Exercises for the preparation for the in itinere test and the exam. It is expected 2 hours for each of the arguments specified in the lectures.   |

#### MODULE PHYSICS WITH PRACTICE

Prof. MARCO MICELI - Lettere A-K, - Lettere A-K

#### SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- R.A. Serway, J. W. Jewett Jr, Principi di Fisica, V Ed., Edises J.S. Walker, Fondamenti di Fisica, Pearson Addison Wesley

| AMBIT                  | 50025-Discipline matematiche, fisiche e informatiche |
|------------------------|--|
| INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs) | 98   |
| COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)  | 52   |

# **EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE**

Strong general knowledge of classical physics (mechanics, fluid dynamics, thermodynamics, electromagnetism); expertise on the scientific method; capability to solve and discuss simple problems of classical physics.

| Hrs | Frontal teaching  |
|-----|---|
| 6   | Physical quantities, definition and measures. Scalars and vectors. Particle kinematics  |
| 6   | Newton's laws and particle mechanics. Inertial and non-inertial systems. Friction. Newton's law of universal gravitation.   |
| 6   | Kinetic energy. Work. Conservative forces and potential energy. Mechanical energy conservation. Momentum and its conservation Collisions  |
| 6   | Hydrostatics. Stevin and Pascal laws. Archimedes' principle. Hydrodynamics. Continuity equation and Bernoulli's law. Viscosity  |
| 8   | Termodynamics. Zero-th principle. Thermometry and calorimetry. Heat capacity and specific heat capacity. Ideal Gas. First law of thermodynamics. Kinetic theory of ideal gas. Internal energy of an ideal gas. Energia interna di un gas ideale. Reversible and irreversible thermodynamic processes. Thermodynamic cycles and thermal efficiency. Second law of thermodynamics and entropy |
| 8   | Electric charge. Coulomb's law. Superposition principle. Electric field. Electrostatic potential. Electric current. Ohm's law. Magnetic field. Lorentz force. General notes on electromagnetic waves and their interaction with biological systems  |
| Hrs | Practice  |
| 12  | Exercises and problem solving (approx. 2 hours for each of the aforementioned items)  |

| Hrs | Practice   |
|-----|--|
| 12  | Exercises and problem solving (approx. 2 hours for each of the aforementioned items) |

#### MODULE PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

Prof. RENATO LOMBARDO - Lettere L-Z, - Lettere L-Z

| SUGGESTED E | BIBLIOGRAPHY |
|-------------|--------------|
|-------------|--------------|

Atkins, P.W.; De Paula, J. Elementi di Chimica Fisica, Zanichelli, 2018

Atkins, P.W.; De Paula, J. Elements of Physical Chemistry, Oxford University Press, 2017

| Atkins, P.W.; De Paula, J. Elements of Physical Chemistry, Oxford University Press, 2017 |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| AMBIT  | 10665-Attività formative affini o integrative |  |
| INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)   | 51  |  |
| COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)  | 24  |  |

# **EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE**

Provide cultural tools to link atomic-molecular vision to macroscopic vision and understand Biomolecular phenomena in the light of energy based on thermodynamic principles.

| Hrs | Frontal teaching   |
|-----|--|
| 4   | Matter at the atomic scale and intermolecular interactions: phenomena and applications. Microscopic structure of matter. Macroscopic-microscopic correlation. Aggregration states. Microscopic interpretation of state transitions. Intermolecular potential. Attractive and repulsive contribution. Scale of interactions. Lennard-Jones Potential. Hydrogen bond.  |
| 3   | First law of thermodynamics.  System and surroundings. System Classification: Open, Closed, Isolated and Adiabatic. Internal energy. Energy transfer between system and surroundings. Work and heat. Enthalpy. Termochimica. Hess's law. Kirchoff's Law.   |
| 5   | Second First law of thermodynamics. 351/5000 Statistical Entropy. Spontaneous and non-spontaneous transformations and equilibrium. The Third Principle of thermodynamics. Second law enunciates. Gibbs Free Energy. Free energy variation for physical processes and chemical reactions. Equilibrium Reactions. Thermodynamic constant of equilibrium. Effect of temperature and pressure.   |
| 4   | Physical transformations. Thermodynamically stable phases. Chemical potential. Phase Diagram:Definition, identification of characteristic points and phase boundaries. Phase boundaries. Thermodynamic derivation of phase boundaries. The rule of phases. The phase diagram of water, carbon dioxide and helium.  |
| 4   | Multiple components systemsMixtures and solutions. Solution Properties. Non-electrolytic solutions. Raoult Law.Colligative properties: freezing point depression, boiling point elevation, osmotic pressure.   |
| 4   | Rate and mechanism of chemical and biochemical reactions Dependence of properties on concentration. Measurement of concentration as function of time. Instant rate. Kinetic law, kinetic constant and reaction order. The method of insulation. The method of initial rates and integrated ratess. The chemical equilibrium from the kinetic point of view. Dependence of kinetic constant on temperature: Arrhenius law. Activation energy. |

#### **MODULE** PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

Prof.ssa MARIA LUISA SALADINO - Lettere A-K, - Lettere A-K

#### SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Atkins, P.W.; De Paula, J. Physical Chemistry for the Life Sciences, Oxford University Press, 2011 Atkins, P. W.; De Paula, J. Chimica fisica biologica: 1; Zanichelli: Bologna, 2008. Atkins, P.W.; De Paula, J. Elementi di Chimica Fisica, Zanichelli: Bologna, 2018

Atkins, P.W.; De Paula, J., Keeler J., Chimica fisica, Zanichelli: Bologna, 2020

| AMBIT                  | 10665-Attività formative affini o integrative |
|------------------------|---|
| INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs) | 51  |
| COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)  | 24  |

#### **EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE**

To provide the cultural tools to connect the atomic-molecular vision with that at the macroscopic level and to interpret biomolecular phenomena in terms of energy by means of thermodynamic principles.

| 31LLAD03 |   |  |
|----------|---|--|
| Hrs      | Frontal teaching  |  |
| 4        | Matter at the atomic scale and intermolecular interactions: phenomena and applications Structure of the matter at microscopic level. Correlation of macroscopic evidences on the basis of microscopic model. States of aggregation. Microscopic interpretation of state transitions. Interaction potentials. On the nature of attractive and repulsive contributions to the total interaction. Scale of interaction strength. Lennard-Jones potential. Hydrogen bond. |  |
| 3        | First law of thermodynamics. System and surroundings. Open, closed, insulated and adiabatic systems. Internal energy. Tranfers of energy from system to surrounding. Heat and work. Enthalpy. Thermochemistry. Hess law. Kirchoff law.  |  |
| 5        | Second law of thermodynamics Statistical entropy. Spontaneous, non-spontaneous and equilibrium processes. Third law of thermodynamics. Gibbs free energy. Free energy of physical processes and chemical reactions. Equilibrium reactions. Thermodynamics constant of equilibrium. Dependency from temperature and pressure.  |  |
| 4        | Physical transformations. Thermodynamics phases. Chemical potential. Phase diagram: phase boundaries, triple and critical points. Derivation of phase boundaries on thermodynamics basis. Gibbs phase rule. Water, carbon dioxide phase diagrams.   |  |
| 4        | Multiple components systems.  Mixtures and solutions. Solution properties. Partial molar properties. Non electrolytic solutions.  Raoult's law. Colligative properties: Boiling and freezing point, osmotic pressure  |  |
| 4        | Rate and mechanism of chemical and biochemical reactions Physical property-concentration dependency. Measure of concentration as a function of time. Instantaneous speed. The rate laws, kinetics constant and order of reactions. Methods of evaluation of order of reactions. Kinetics approach to the chemical equilibrium. Kinetics constant: effect of temperature, the Arrhenius law. Activation energy.  |  |