

# UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI PALERMO

DEPARTMENT	Scienze della Terra e del Mare			
ACADEMIC YEAR	2019/2020			
BACHELOR'S DEGREE (BSC)	NATURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE			
INTEGRATED COURSE	ECOLOGY - INTEGRATED COURSE			
CODE	02679			
MODULES	Yes			
NUMBER OF MODULES	2			
SCIENTIFIC SECTOR(S)	BIO/07			
HEAD PROFESSOR(S)	CHEMELLO RENATO Professore Ordinario Univ. di PALERMO			
OTHER PROFESSOR(S)	MILAZZO MARCO Professore Ordinario Univ. di PALERMO			
	CHEMELLO RENATO Professore Ordinario Univ. di PALERMO			
CREDITS	12			
PROPAEDEUTICAL SUBJECTS				
MUTUALIZATION				
YEAR	2			
TERM (SEMESTER)	2° semester			
ATTENDANCE	Not mandatory			
EVALUATION	Out of 30			
TEACHER OFFICE HOURS	CHEMELLO RENATO			
	Wednesday 10:30 12:30 Dipartimento di Scienze della Terra e del Mare, via Archirafi n. 20, Stanza n. 4, piano IV,			
	Thursday 10:30 12:30 Dipartimento di Scienze della Terra e del Mare, via Archirafi n. 20, Stanza n. 4, piano IV,			
	MILAZZO MARCO			
	Tuesday 10:00 11:00 Via Archirafi 20 IV piano Stanza Prof. M. Milazzo			

PREREQUISITES	Zoological and Botanical elements, basic knowledge of statistics
PREREQUISITES LEARNING OUTCOMES	Zoological and Botanical elements, basic knowledge of statistics  Knowledge and understanding The knowledge and understanding will be oriented to the acquisition of theoretical and experimental skills for ecosystems monitoring and management Particular attention is paid to the understanding of ecosystems, the causes of their deterioration and the monitoring, rehabilitation and recovery methods. The student will also obtain integrated knowledge about natural processes occurring both in biotic and abiotic systems, their interactions and the influence the human activities exert on ecosystems. Skills and comprehension skills are acquired through participation to lectures, excursions in natural environment and participation to seminars and conferences organized by appropriated degree program on current affairs and general interest. The achievement of learning outcomes is verified through exams.  Applying knowledge and understanding At the end of the course, the student must attain multidisciplinary application capabilities to the assessment, monitoring and management of natural environments. In particular, the student, on the basis of specific knowledge acquired, integrated with experiences during lectures and practice, must be abled to design systems recovery programs. The achievement of these capabilities is verified through tests on specific topics.  Making judgments  Students will develop skills regarding: the assessment and the interpretation experimental laboratory and field data; principles of professional ethics and scientific approach to bioethical issues. In particular, on the basis of knowledge acquired, they must be able to carry out the assessment of the environments state, to coordinate environmental monitoring through the use of indices an indicators, to propose hypotheses and plans of rehabilitation and environments recovery. Independent judgment is realized through the experience gaine through lectures and exercises. The acquisition of judgment skills is verifie through written and oral tests along
	related to the final exam. Assessment of the achievement of these capabilities verified through the final exam, during which skills, appropriateness and rigor the exposition are measured.  Learning ability  Students will have to develop appropriate skills for independent deepening additional competences, for instance: consultation of library materials, access databases and other information on the web, basic tools for the continuous updating of knowledge. Learning skills are developed throughout the course with
ASSESSMENT METHODS	particular reference to individual and team study and the design of a researce program.  A short test is given to the students to assess their individual preparation at the beginning of the course. The final exam will consist of an oral examination. The student under examination will have to answer at least three questions posed orally, on all parts of the program, with reference to the suggested texts. The final examination aims at assessing whether the student has knowledge and
	understanding of the subjects, has acquired interpretative competence and autonomy in judging concrete cases.  The threshold of sufficiency will be achieved when the student shows the knowledge and understanding of the topics at least in the general guidelines an has minimal application skills; He must equally have exhibits and arguments the enable him to convey his knowledge to the examiner. Below this threshold, the examination will be insufficient. Instead, the student manages to interact with the examiner with his argumentative and exhibition skills, and the more his knowledge and application skills go into detail of the discipline being tested, the more the evaluation will be positive. The final exam score will be done in thirtiet Excellent (30-30 cum laude). Excellent knowledge of the topics, excellent properties of language, good analytical ability. The student is also able to apply his/her knowledge to solve all proposed problems  Very good (26-29). Good mastery of the topics, full property of language. The
	student is able to apply his/her knowledge to solve proposed problems.  Good (24-25). The student reached a basic knowledge of the main topics, discrete properties of language, with limited ability to independently apply the her knowledge to the solution of the proposed problems.  Satisfactory (21-23). The student does not have full mastery of the main topics

Satisfactory (21-23). The student does not have full mastery of the main topics of teaching, but it possesses the knowledge, satisfactory property language,

poor ability to independently apply the acquired knowledge. Sufficient (18-20). The student has a minimum basic knowledge of the main

	topics and technical language issues, very little or no ability to independently apply the acquired knowledge.  Insufficient - The student does not have an acceptable knowledge of the contents of the topics covered in the course
TEACHING METHODS	Classroom lectures and exercises

## **MODULE EXPERIMENTAL ECOLOGY**

Prof. MARCO MILAZZO

## SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

M BEGON, JL HARPER, CR TOWNSEND - Ecologia: individui, popolazioni e comunita. Zanichelli (1989) CJ KREBS - Ecology: the experimental analysis of distribution and abundance. Benjamin/Cummings Science (1994) GP QUINN, MJ KEOUGH - Experimental design and data analysis for biologists. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge (2002)

AMBIT 50171-Discipline ecologiche	
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	98
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)	52

## **EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE**

The aim of the course is to increase students' knowledge on applied aspects of ecology with a specific focus on case-studies assessment and on descriptive and manipulative experiments generating ecological theory. In addition, the course will provide students both the basic knowledge and the analytical tools commonly used in ecology.

#### **SYLLABUS**

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Hrs	Frontal teaching		
2	General description of the Experimental Ecology course – Introduction to applied studies in ecology – potential interactions with Ecology 1 course		
8	The experimental approach. Experimental designs as tools to investigate ecological processes and to evaluate anthropogenic impacts. How to write a report and scientific paper. Notions of bibliometrics		
6	How to investigate aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems.		
8	Ecological case studies on abiotic factors and organisms, populations (e.g. resource overexploitation, invasive species (r and k strategies)), community, and ecosystem.		
6	Notions on ecosystem change: global climate change, pollution, eutrophication, resources exploitation, other local human activities. Disturbance in ecology. Sinle and multiple stressors. Resistance and resilience. Sustainability		
10	Interactions with Ecology 1 course (with an applied perspective): Biogeochemical cycles. Community and biodiversity. Geographical variation and species diversity. Diversity indices. Valuing biodiversity. Biodiversity conservation. Autochthonous and allochthonous species.		
Hrs	Practice		
4	Applications and case studies		

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# MODULE GENERAL ECOLOGY

Prof. RENATO CHEMELLO

SUG	GFS	ΓFD	BIBI	IOGR/	<b>APHY</b>

Smith TR & LR Smith (2007) Elementi di Ecologia. Pearson Materiale fornito dal docente

Materiale fornito dal docente		
AMBIT 50171-Discipline ecologiche		
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	98	
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)	52	

# **EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE**

The course aims to provide students with a cultural background and experimental and analytical notions to tackle studies of basic ecology and ecosystems functioning. In particular, it aims to highlight the network of relationships linking organisms and their environment, also with reference to the interactions that result from human activities.

## **SYLLABUS**

Hrs	Frontal teaching
4	General and Theoretical Ecology - Introduction to ecological studies - Interaction with other disciplines - Holistic view and reductionist - Autoecology and synecology - functional levels of ecological organization - temporal and spatial scales - ecological systems - emerging properties - entropy and ecological systems - diagrams of flow and patterns - The positive and negative feedbacks - Homeostasis - The scientific method
4	General elements on the climate machine - Generators and climate effects - The global temperature control: albedo, greenhouse - Climate Change - Air pollution - Soil: composition, Horizons, erosion, soil formation - Vegetation and Landscape
8	Abiotic factors and organisms - the minimum Law - the tolerance Law - physical factors affecting ecological systems - Adaptations - biological stories of species and environmental variability - Allocation of time and resources
8	Populations - Structure, size, dispersion and distribution - Distribution areas - Models of population growth and control factors - The logistic equation - Population dynamics - Pyramids of age - Strategies r K - carrying capacity - Interactions between organisms - Lotka-Volterra model - metapopulation
8	Ecosystems - Mechanisms of ecosystem control - Stability of resistance and resilience - trophic structure. The energy in ecosystems - ecosystem thermodynamic concept - Primary production and limiting factors - The energy flows in the ecosystem - food chains and food webs - Ecological Pyramids - Biological Magnification - Regeneration of nutrients in aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems - Notes on biogeochemical cycles. Water Cycle - Ecological Theory of recycling.
8	Community - Community Theories - Open and closed communities - the continuum concept - ecotones - Interactions between species, competition, predation and parasitism, mimicry, commensalism, mutualism - Ecological niche - native and non-native species - Ecological Succession. Autogenic and allogenic successions - primary and secondary succession - in the evenings Concept - Pioneer and climax communities - patchy mosaic and Landscape - Biodiversity - Geographical variations and species diversity - diversity indexes - Curves of dominance-diversity - The value of biodiversity - biodiversity conservation
Hrs	Practice
4	Exercise 1. Introduction to spreadsheets. How to build matrices in Ecology Two-way and three-way matrices. Population patterns.
4	Exercise 2. Predator-prey models. Life tables and survival curves. Age models.
4	Exercise 3. Niche breadth measures. Ecological indices and of biodiversity measures.