

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI PALERMO

DEPARTMENT	Giurisprudenza			
ACADEMIC YEAR	2019/2020	· ·		
MASTER'S DEGREE (MSC)	LAW			
INTEGRATED COURSE	CRIMINAL LAW - INTEG	CRIMINAL LAW - INTEGRATED COURSE		
CODE	18747			
MODULES	Yes			
NUMBER OF MODULES	2			
SCIENTIFIC SECTOR(S)	IUS/17			
HEAD PROFESSOR(S)	SPENA ALESSANDRO	Professore Ordinario Univ. di PALERMO		
	ROMANO BARTOLOMEO	Professore Ordinario Univ. di PALERMO		
	MILITELLO VINCENZO	Professore Ordinario Univ. di PALERMO		
	GIACONA IGNAZIO	Professore Ordinario Univ. di PALERMO		
OTHER PROFESSOR(S)	SPENA ALESSANDRO	Professore Ordinario Univ. di PALERMO		
	TESAURO ALESSANDRO	Professore Ordinario Univ. di PALERMO		
	ROMANO BARTOLOMEO	Professore Ordinario Univ. di PALERMO		
	MILITELLO VINCENZO	Professore Ordinario Univ. di PALERMO		
	GIACONA IGNAZIO	Professore Ordinario Univ. di PALERMO		
CREDITS	16			
PROPAEDEUTICAL SUBJECTS	04035 - ELEMENTS OF PRIVATE LAW			
	02432 - CONSTITUTIONAL LAW - INTEGRATED COURSE			
YEAR	3			
	Annual			
ATTENDANCE	-	Not mandatory		
	Out of 30			
TEACHER OFFICE HOURS	GIACONA IGNAZIO Friday 10:30 11:30	Teams - stanza "ricevimento" - https://teams.microsoft.com/l/		
	Filiday 10.50 11.50	team/19%3aJfQT-ahDQCJguN-GecWCzxWgbZ3QY- maieiyyu7GSZ41%40thread.tacv2/conversations? groupId=4ac1c295- ae98-4b5d-8e97-80b662749261&tenantId=bf17c3fc-3ccd-4f1		
	MILITELLO VINCENZO			
	Wednesday 08:30 10:30	stanza docente II Piano area diritto penale plesso centrale Giurisprudenza		
	ROMANO BARTOLOMEO			
	Thursday 17:00 18:00	Dipartimento di Giurisprudenza - Stanza del Professore B. Romano.		
	SPENA ALESSANDRO			
	Monday 14:00 15:00	Aula 2 (al termine della lezione) o mio ufficio (Sezione di Diritto penale)		
	Wednesday 13:00 14:00	Aula 1 (al termine della lezione) o mio ufficio (Sezione di Diritto penale)		
	Thursday 17:00 18:00	Aula circolare (al termine della lezione) o mio ufficio (Sezione di Diritto penale)		
		TESAURO ALESSANDRO		
	Monday 10:00 11:30	piazza Bologni piano 2 stanza 8. Gli studenti potranno raggiungermi anche a margine delle lezioni in aula 2 il mercoledi alle 11.00, il giovedi alle 15.00 e il venerdi alle 16.00		

PREREQUISITES	Knowledge and competence regarding:
	a) the basic notions of public law, also in historical perspective;
	b) the categories of the general theory of law and state; c) the fundamental concepts of private law.
	These notions are a necessary requisite in order to understand the fundamental
	doctrines of the criminal law's general part.
LEARNING OUTCOMES	(On Dublin descriptors - section 'Didattica' of the website 'Giurisprudenza' - and
	according to RAD). KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING: Knowledge of the general part of the
	Italian criminal law, as well as of the structure of the Italian criminal code's
	special part, with references to the so-called complementary criminal law. This
	knowledge base will be addressed to understand the links between the criminal
	law's general doctrines, the criminal law's protection aims and the specific crimes that will be studied during the course. Both the constitutional and the EU
	general contexts will also be given due consideration.
	APPLYING KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING: Ability to grasp the
	practical relevance of the criminal law's general doctrines and their applicability to specific cases.
	MAKING JUDGEMENTS: Ability to make comparative evaluations as well as to
	develop critical arguments regarding criminal law subjects.
	COMMUNICATION SKILLS: Ability to use the technical language of both criminal law and criminal law theory.
	LEARNING SKILLS: Ability to understand criminal statutes, doctrinal arguments
	and judicial decisions; ability to systematically organize the criminal law's
	fundamental concepts.
ASSESSMENT METHODS	Oral final exam and intermediate optional exam. Oral exam.
	The oral exam consists of an interview aimed at ascertaining the candidate's
	knowledge of the general part of the Italian criminal law, as well as his/her
	knowledge of the general structure of the Italian criminal code's special part. The interview consists of a minimum of three questions. Positive evaluation of
	the exam will be provided on a scale ranging from 18 to 30 cum laude points.
	Questions will be aimed at ascertaining: 1) the candidate's knowledge of the
	topics in the syllabus; 2) his/her ability to use and apply the learned notions, as
	well as to relate them to each other; 3) his/her ability to use appropriately the criminal law theory's language. The evaluation will take place 'in conformity' to
	the following evaluation grid: - Excellent (30-30 cum laude): excellent knowledge
	of the topics in the syllabus, excellent ability to use the criminal law's technical
	language, excellent capacity of analysis; excellent ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analysed; excellent ability to
	properly argue possible solutions, including multiple alternatives Very good
	(26-29): very good knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, very good ability to
	use the criminal law's technical language, very good capacity of analysis; very good ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to
	be analysed; very good ability to properly argue possible solutions, including
	multiple alternatives Good (24-25): good knowledge of the topics in the
	syllabus, good ability to use the criminal law's technical language, with a certain ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be
	analysed Satisfactory (21-23): satisfactory knowledge of the topics in the
	syllabus; satisfactory ability to use the criminal law's technical language, albeit
	with a poor ability to adequately apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analyzed Sufficient (18-20): basic knowledge of the main
	teaching; basic ability to use the criminal law's technical language; limited or no
	capacity to adequately apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are
	proposed to be analyzed Insufficient outcome: the student does not have an acceptable knowledge of the topics in the syllabus.
	Optional intermediate exam It can be either oral or written, at the professor's
	discretion. It will consist of a maximum of 4 questions, one of which at least will
	have practical character. If written, the intermediate exam will last 3 hours at most. Should the intermediate exam be successful, the final oral exam will only
	be focussed on different topics from those with which the intermediate exam
	was concerned. The evaluation will take place 'in conformity' to the following
	evaluation grid: - Excellent (30-30 cum laude): excellent knowledge of the topics
	in the syllabus, excellent ability to use the criminal law's technical language, excellent capacity of analysis; excellent ability to apply theoretical knowledge to
	real cases which are proposed to be analysed; excellent ability to properly argue
	possible solutions, including multiple alternatives Very good (26-29): very
	good knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, very good ability to use the criminal law's technical language, very good capacity of analysis; very good
	ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be
	analysed; very good ability to properly argue possible solutions, including
	multiple alternatives Good (24-25): good knowledge of the topics in the
	syllabus, good ability to use the criminal law's technical language, with a certain ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be

	analysed Satisfactory (21-23): satisfactory knowledge of the topics in the syllabus; satisfactory ability to use the criminal law's technical language, albeit with a poor ability to adequately apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analyzed Sufficient (18-20): basic knowledge of the main teaching; basic ability to use the criminal law's technical language; limited or no capacity to adequately apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analyzed Insufficient outcome: the student does not have an acceptable knowledge of the topics in the syllabus.
TEACHING METHODS	 Lectures with an interactive method and possible interventions of experts Seminars Classroom exercises

PREREQUISITES	 Knowledge and competence regading: a) the basic notions of public law, also in historical perspective; b) the categories of the general theory of law and state; c) the fundamental concepts of private law. These notions are a necessary requisite in order to understand the fundamental
	doctrines of the criminal law's general part.
LEARNING OUTCOMES	On Dublin desctiptors - section 'Didattica' of the website 'Giurisprudenza' - And according on RAD). KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING: Knowledge of the general part of the Italian criminal law, as well as of the structure of the Italian criminal code's special part, with references to the so-called complementary criminal law. This knowledge base will be addressed to understand the links between the criminal law's general doctrines, the criminal law's protection aims and the specific crimes that will be studied during the course. Both the constitutional and the EU general contexts will also be given due consideration.
	APPLYING KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING: Ability to grasp the practical relevance of the criminal law's general doctrines and their applicability to specific cases. MAKING JUDGEMENTS: Ability to make comparative evaluations as well as to develop critical arguments regarding criminal law subjects.
	COMMUNICATION SKILLS: Ability to use the technical language of both the criminal law and the criminal law theory. LEARNING SKILLS: Ability to understand criminal statutes, doctrinal arguments and judicial decisions; ability to systematically organize the criminal law's fundamental concepts.
ASSESSMENT METHODS	Oral final exam and intermediate optional exams. Positive evaluation of the exams will always provided on a scale ranging from 18 to 30 cum laude points.
	Oral exam The oral exam consists of an interview aimed at ascertaining the candidate's knowledge of the general part of the Italian criminal law, as well as his/her knowledge of the general structure of the Italian criminal code's special part. The interview consists of a minimum of three questions. Questions will be aimed at ascertaining: 1) the candidate's knowledge of the topics in the syllabus; 2) his/her ability to use and apply the learned notions, as well as to relate them each other; 3) his/her ability to use appropriately the criminal law theory's language. The evaluation will take place 'in conformity' to the following evaluation grid: - Excellent (30-30 cum laude): excellent knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, excellent ability to use the criminal law's technical language, excellent capacity of analysis; excellent ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analysed; excellent ability to properly argue possible solutions, including multiple alternatives. - Very good (26-29): very good knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, very good ability to use the criminal law's technical language, very good capacity of analysis; very good ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analysed; very good ability to properly argue possible solutions, including multiple alternatives. - Good (24-25): good knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, yery good ability to use the criminal law's technical language, very good ability to use the criminal law's technical language, with a certain ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analysed. - Satisfactory (21-23): satisfactory knowledge of the topics in the syllabus; satisfactory ability to use the criminal law's technical language, albeit with a poor ability to adequately apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analyzed.
	 Sufficient (18-20): basic knowledge of the main teaching; basic ability to use the criminal law's technical language; limited or no capacity to adequately apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analyzed. Insufficient outcome: the student does not have an acceptable knowledge of the topics in the syllabus. Optional intermediate exams. It can be either oral or written, at the professor's discretion. It twill consist of maximum 4 questions, one of which at least will have practical character or reference to case law. If written, the intermediate exam be successful, the final oral exam will only be focussed on different topics from those with which the intermediate exam was concerned. The evaluation will take place 'in conformity' to the following evaluation grid: Excellent (30-30 cum laude): excellent knowledge of the topics in the syllabus,
	excellent ability to use the criminal law's technical language, excellent capacity of analysis; excellent ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analysed; excellent ability to properly argue possible

PREREQUISITES	Knowledge and competence regading:
	 a) the basic notions of public law, also in historical perspective; b) the categories of the general theory of law and state;
	c) the fundamental concepts of private law.
	These notions are a necessary requisite in order to understand the fundamental
	doctrines of the criminal law's general part.
LEARNING OUTCOMES	(On Dublin desctiptors - section 'Didattica' of the website 'Giurisprudenza' - And according on RAD). KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING: Knowledge of the general part of the Italian criminal law, as well as of the structure of the Italian criminal code's special part, with references to the so-called complementary criminal law. This knowledge base will be addressed to understand the links between the criminal law's general doctrines, the criminal law's protection aims and the specific crimes that will be studied during the course. Both the constitutional and the EU general contexts will also be given due consideration.
	APPLYING KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING: Ability to grasp the practical relevance of the criminal law's general doctrines and their applicability to specific cases. MAKING JUDGEMENTS: Ability to make comparative evaluations as well as to develop critical arguments regarding criminal law subjects.
	COMMUNICATION SKILLS: Ability to use the technical language of both the criminal law and the criminal law theory. LEARNING SKILLS: Ability to understand criminal statutes, doctrinal arguments and judicial decisions; ability to systematically organize the criminal law's
	fundamental concepts.
ASSESSMENT METHODS	Oral final exam and intermediate optional exams. Positive evaluation of the exams will always provided on a scale ranging from 18 to 30 cum laude points.
	Oral exam The oral exam consists of an interview aimed at ascertaining the candidate's knowledge of the general part of the Italian criminal law, as well as his/her
	knowledge of the general structure of the Italian criminal code's special part.
	The interview consists of a minimum of three questions. Questions will be aimed at ascertaining: 1) the candidate's knowledge of the
	topics in the syllabus; 2) his/her ability to use and apply the learned notions, as well a sto relate them each other; 3) his/her ability to use appropriately the
	criminal law theory's language. The evaluation will take place 'in conformity' to the following evaluation grid:
	- Excellent (30-30 cum laude): excellent knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, excellent ability to use the criminal law's technical language, excellent capacity of analysis; excellent ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analysed; excellent ability to properly argue possible
	solutions, including multiple alternatives.
	- Very good (26-29): very good knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, very good ability to use the criminal law's technical language, very good capacity of analysis; very good ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analysed; very good ability to properly argue possible
	solutions, including multiple alternatives.
	- Good (24-25): good knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, good ability to use the criminal law's technical language, with a certain ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analysed.
	- Satisfactory (21-23): satisfactory knowledge of the topics in the syllabus; satisfactory ability to use the criminal law's technical language, albeit with a poor ability to adequately apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are
	proposed to be analyzed. - Sufficient (18-20): basic knowledge of the main teaching; basic ability to use
	the criminal law's technical language; limited or no capacity to adequately apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analyzed. - Insufficient outcome: the student does not have an acceptable knowledge of
	the topics in the syllabus. Optional intermediate exams.
	It can be either oral or written, at the professor's discretion. It twill consist of maximum 4 questions, one of which at least will have practical character or reference to case law.
	If written, the intermediate exam will last 3 hours at most.
	Should the intermediate exam be successful, the final oral exam will only be focussed on different topics from those with which the intermediate exam was
	concerned. The evaluation will take place 'in conformity' to the following evaluation grid:
	- Excellent (30-30 cum laude): excellent knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, excellent ability to use the criminal law's technical language, excellent capacity
	of analysis; excellent ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analysed; excellent ability to properly argue possible

	colutions, including multiple alternatives	
	 solutions, including multiple alternatives. Very good (26-29): very good knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, very good ability to use the criminal law's technical language, very good capacity of analysis; very good ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analysed; very good ability to properly argue possible solutions, including multiple alternatives. Good (24-25): good knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, good ability to use the criminal law's technical language, with a certain ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analysed. Satisfactory (21-23): satisfactory knowledge of the topics in the syllabus; satisfactory ability to use the criminal law's technical language, albeit with a poor ability to adequately apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analysed. Satisfactory (11-23): satisfactory knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analyzed. Satisfactory ability to use the criminal law's technical language, albeit with a poor ability to adequately apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analyzed. Sufficient (18-20): basic knowledge of the main teaching; basic ability to use the criminal law's technical language; limited or no capacity to adequately apply 	
	theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analyzed. - Insufficient outcome: the student does not have an acceptable knowledge of the topics in the syllabus.	
TEACHING METHODS	- Lectures with interactive method and possible interventions of experts	
	- Classroom written exercises	

PREREQUISITES	Knowledge and competence regading:
	 a) the basic notions of public law, also in historical perspective; b) the categories of the general theory of law and state;
	c) the fundamental concepts of private law.
	These notions are a necessary requisite in order to understand the fundamental doctrines of the criminal law's general part.
LEARNING OUTCOMES	(On Dublin desctiptors - section 'Didattica' of the website 'Giurisprudenza' - And
	according on RAD).
	KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING: Knowledge of the general part of the Italian criminal law, as well as of the structure of the Italian criminal code's
	special part, with references to the so-called complementary criminal law. This
	knowledge base will be addressed to understand the links between the criminal law's general doctrines, the criminal law's protection aims and the specific
	crimes that will be studied during the course. Both the constitutional and the EU
	general contexts will also be given due consideration. APPLYING KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING: Ability to grasp the
	practical relevance of the criminal law's general doctrines and their applicability
	to specific cases.
	MAKING JUDGEMENTS: Ability to make comparative evaluations as well as to develop critical arguments regarding criminal law subjects.
	COMMUNICATION SKILLS: Ability to use the technical language of both the
	criminal law and the criminal law theory. LEARNING SKILLS: Ability to understand criminal statutes, doctrinal arguments
	and judicial decisions; ability to systematically organize the criminal law's
	fundamental concepts.
ASSESSMENT METHODS	Oral final exam and intermediate optional exams. Positive evaluation of the exams will always provided on a scale ranging from 18 to 30 cum laude points.
	Oral exam
	The oral exam consists of an interview aimed at ascertaining the candidate's knowledge of the general part of the Italian criminal law, as well as his/her
	knowledge of the general structure of the Italian criminal code's special part.
	The interview consists of a minimum of three questions. Questions will be aimed at ascertaining: 1) the candidate's knowledge of the
	topics in the syllabus; 2) his/her ability to use and apply the learned notions, as
	well a sto relate them each other; 3) his/her ability to use appropriately the criminal law theory's language.
	The evaluation will take place 'in conformity' to the following evaluation grid:
	- Excellent (30-30 cum laude): excellent knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, excellent ability to use the criminal law's technical language, excellent capacity
	of analysis; excellent ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which
	are proposed to be analysed; excellent ability to properly argue possible solutions, including multiple alternatives.
	- Very good (26-29): very good knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, very
	good ability to use the criminal law's technical language, very good capacity of analysis; very good ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which
	are proposed to be analysed; very good ability to properly argue possible
	solutions, including multiple alternatives. - Good (24-25): good knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, good ability to use
	the criminal law's technical language, with a certain ability to apply theoretical
	knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analysed. - Satisfactory (21-23): satisfactory knowledge of the topics in the syllabus;
	satisfactory ability to use the criminal law's technical language, albeit with a poor
	ability to adequately apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analyzed.
	- Sufficient (18-20): basic knowledge of the main teaching; basic ability to use
	the criminal law's technical language; limited or no capacity to adequately apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analyzed.
	- Insufficient outcome: the student does not have an acceptable knowledge of
	the topics in the syllabus.
	Optional intermediate exams. It can be either oral or written, at the professor's discretion.
	It twill consist of maximum 4 questions, one of which at least will have practical
	character or reference to case law. If written, the intermediate exam will last 3 hours at most.
	Should the intermediate exam be successful, the final oral exam will only be
	focussed on different topics from those with which the intermediate exam was concerned.
	The evaluation will take place 'in conformity' to the following evaluation grid:
	- Excellent (30-30 cum laude): excellent knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, excellent ability to use the criminal law's technical language, excellent capacity
	of analysis; excellent ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which
	are proposed to be analysed; excellent ability to properly argue possible solutions, including multiple alternatives.
	- Very good (26-29): very good knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, very

	 good ability to use the criminal law's technical language, very good capacity of analysis; very good ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analysed; very good ability to properly argue possible solutions, including multiple alternatives. Good (24-25): good knowledge of the topics in the syllabus, good ability to use the criminal law's technical language, with a certain ability to apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analysed. Satisfactory (21-23): satisfactory knowledge of the topics in the syllabus; satisfactory ability to use the criminal law's technical language, albeit with a poor ability to adequately apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analyzed. Sufficient (18-20): basic knowledge of the main teaching; basic ability to use the criminal law's technical language; limited or no capacity to adequately apply theoretical knowledge to real cases which are proposed to be analyzed. Insufficient outcome: the student does not have an acceptable knowledge of
TEACHING METHODS	the topics in the syllabus. - Lectures with interactive method
	- Classroom written exercises

Prof. ALESSANDRO SPENA - Lettere S-Z, - Lettere S-Z

SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Per la PARTE GENERALE, uno dei seguenti testi, a scelta dello studente:

- F. Palazzo, Corso di diritto penale, Giappichelli, ultima edizione.

- F. Mantovani, Diritto penale. Parte generale, CEDAM, ultima edizione.

- G. Marinucci, E. Dolcini, Corso di diritto penale, Giuffre', ultima edizione.

Per la PARTE SPECIALE: A) studenti non frequentanti:

1) A. Spena, Reati contro la famiglia, in Grosso, Padovani, Pagliaro (dir.), Trattato di diritto penale, Milano, Giuffre', 2012 2) T. Padovani, L. Stortoni, Diritto penale e fattispecie criminose, Bologna, il Mulino, ultima edizione DA STUDIARE ENTRAMBI PER INTERO

B) agli studenti frequentanti il materiale didattico sara' puntualmente indicato a lezione e reso disponibile sulla pagina del corso sul portale unipa.it. Per "studenti frequentanti" si intendono guelli che avranno frequentato almeno il 70% delle lezioni

AMBIT	20012-Penalistico
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	136
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)	64

EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE

By means of an in-depth analysis of some heavily debated topics taken from both the general and the special part of the criminal law, the Modulo aims at equipping students with the ability to concretely apply the criminal law's general principles and fundamental notions.

Hrs	Frontal teaching
6	Introduction: concept and historical evolution of criminal law. Criminal law and criminal policy. Foundations and limits of criminal law
6	Criminal punishment: concept, justification, aims. Criminal sanctions in Italian criminal law. Punishment, security measures and preventive measures. Imputability and social dangerousness, between criminal law, criminal law and criminology (in brief). The distinction between delicts and contraventions (in brief).
4	General introduction to fundamental principles of criminal law, between code, constitution and inter- and supranational sources
5	The rule of law and the sources of criminal law
3	Vagueness and analogy in criminal law
6	Criminal law and time: non-retroactivity, retroactivity and ultra-activity of criminal norms
3	Criminal law in space: territoriality and beyond
12	Concept and conceptions of crime between criminal law, criminal policy and criminology. Delicts and contraventions (in-depth). The principles of materiality, harm (including fragmentarity, subsidiarity and laicity) and culpability of crime
4	The structure of crime: an exposition of the most relevant approaches (bipartition, tripartition, quadripartition, and the theory of Antonio Pagliaro)
15	The subjects: A) The author. Criminal law and citizenship: the foreigner as a criminal (with a link to: "Criminal law in space"). Complicity (in brief). Imputability and social dangerousness (in-depth). Corporate criminal responsibility. So-called immunities. B) The victim of crime (also with a reference to restorative criminal justice). The relationships between author and victim. C) The persons harmed by the crime

Prof. ALESSANDRO SPENA - Lettere S-Z, - Lettere S-Z

Prof. ALESSANDRO SPENA - Lettere S-Z, - Lettere S-Z		
SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY		
Per la PARTE GENERALE, uno dei seguenti testi, a scelta dello studente: - F. Palazzo, Corso di diritto penale, Giappichelli, ultima edizione. - F. Mantovani, Diritto penale. Parte generale, CEDAM, ultima edizione. - G. Marinucci, E. Dolcini, Corso di diritto penale, Giuffre', ultima edizione.		
 Per la PARTE SPECIALE: A) studenti non frequentanti: 1) A. Spena, Reati contro la famiglia, in Grosso, Padovani, Pagliaro (dir.), Trattato di diritto penale, Milano, Giuffre', 2012 2) T. Padovani, L. Stortoni, Diritto penale e fattispecie criminose, Bologna, il Mulino, ultima edizione DA STUDIARE ENTRAMBI PER INTERO B) agli studenti frequentanti il materiale didattico sara' puntualmente indicato a lezione e reso disponibile sulla pagina del corso sul portale unipa.it. Per "studenti frequentanti" si intendono quelli che avranno frequentato almeno il 70% delle lezioni 		
AMBIT 20012-Penalistico		
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	136	
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs) 64		
EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE		

The course aims at providing students with adequate knowledge and understanding of the criminal law system, as it results from both theoretical reasonings and judicial decisions.

Hrs	Frontal teaching
22	The elements of the crime: A) The conduct's prerequisites. B) Conduct: acting vs. omitting. Crimes without conduct? C) Event, harm and objective conditions of punishability (I). D) Causality and objective imputation. E) Mens rea: intention, negligence and strict liability. F) Justifications (including rights and duties), excuses, mere exclusions of punishability. G) So-called circumstances of the crime (in brief)
4	Forms and requisites of complicity
8	Graduations of criminal harm (and responsibility): A) Consummated vs. attempted crime; inchoate crimes. B) So-called circumstances of crime (in-depth). C) Sentencing. D) Tenuity of crime. E) Reparation (I)
6	Crime and punishability. Objective conditions of punishability (II). The apparent concurrence of criminal norms and effective concurrence of crimes. Reparations (II). "Extinction" of crime and of punishment
6	Motherhood surrogacy and civil status's falsification
6	Corruption, extortion and unlawful inducement
6	Hate speech and freedom of expression
6	Terrorism, security and the enemy criminal law

Prof. ALESSANDRO TESAURO - Lettere M-R, - Lettere M-R

SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY Le ultime edizioni dei seguenti manuali: - Fiandaca-Musco, Diritto penale. Parte speciale, vol. I, Zanichelli, Bologna; - Fiandaca-Musco, Diritto penale. Parte speciale, vol. II, Delitti contro la persona, Zanichelli, Bologna; - Fiandaca-Musco, Diritto penale. Parte speciale, vol. II, Delitti contro il patrimonio, Zanichelli, Bologna. AMBIT 20012-Penalistico INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs) 136 COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs) 64 EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE

The cours aim to provide conceptual tools for the purpose of an aware approach to the analysis of concret pratical cases in the light of both theoretical and case-law background.

SYLLABUS	
Hrs	Frontal teaching
22	crimes against the person
15	crimes against public administration
15	crimes against public policy and security
12	crimes against property.
64	

MODULE CRIMINAL LAW (I MODULE)

Prof. BARTOLOMEO ROMANO - Lettere D-L, - Lettere D-L

SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

B. ROMANO, Diritto penale, parte generale, 4ª ed., Giuffrè Francis Lefebvre, Milano, 2020, pp. 3-599 (l'Appendice sara, invece, di indispensabile ausilio per i seminari, che si svolgeranno nel corso dell'anno accademico).

АМВІТ	20012-Penalistico
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	136
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)	64

EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE

Educational Objectives The course aims at providing students with an adequate knowledge and understanding of the criminal law system, as it results from both theoretical reasonings and judicial decisions.

SYLLABUS		
Hrs	Frontal teaching	
64	Criminal law, general part; Crimes against the administration of justice; Crimes against the person's sexuality.	
Hrs	Practice	
10	Law on the topics covered.	
Hrs	Workshops	
10	Participations in Conferences and Seminars.	

Prof. BARTOLOMFO ROMANO - Lettere D-L. - Lettere D-L

PIOL BARTOLOMEO ROMANO - Lellere D-L, - Lellere D-L		
SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY		
B. ROMANO, Delitti contro l'amministrazione della giustizia, 6ª ed., Giuffre, Milano, 2016, pp. 3-321. B. ROMANO, Delitti contro la sfera sessuale della persona, 6ª ed., Giuffre, Milano, 2016, pp. 3-363.		
АМВІТ	20012-Penalistico	
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	136	
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)	64	
EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE		

The selection of topics of special part aims at acquiring the ability to connect the general institutes to individual sectors of protection, applying the notions of the theory of crime (structure and sanctions) to specific incriminations

SYLLABUS	
Hrs	Frontal teaching
64	Criminal law, general part; Crimes against the administration of justice; Crimes against the person's sexuality.
Hrs	Practice
10	Law on the topics covered.
Hrs	Workshops
10	Participations in Conferences and Seminars.

MODULE **CRIMINAL LAW (I MODULE)**

Prof. IGNAZIO GIACONA - Lettere M-R, - Lettere M-R

SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

FIANDACA/MUSCO, Diritto penale, parte generale, Zanichelli ed., Bologna, ultima edizione.	
AMBIT 20012-Penalistico	
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	136
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs) 64	
EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE	

The course aims at providing students with an adequate knowledge and understanding of the criminal law system, as it results from both theoretical reasonings and judicial decisions.

SYLLABUS	
Hrs	Frontal teaching
2	Features and Functions of Criminal Law
8	Rule of Law
20	Commissive Intentional Crimes
10	Circumstances; Attempt; Complicity
4	Commissive Unintentional Crimes
4	Omission
4	Strict Liability
6	Concurrent Offences
6	Criminal Sanctions

Prof. VINCENZO MILITELLO - Lettere A-C, - Lettere A-C

SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

INDISPENSABILE e' lo studio di un codice penale aggiornato e completo delle principali leggi complementari. PER LA PARTE GENERALE:

Pagliaro, Principi di diritto penale. P.G., Giuffre' Milano, IX ed, 2020, con gli aggiornamenti che che saranno indicati a lezione e messi a disposizione sul portale del corso per gli studenti iscritti.

PER LA PARTE SPECIALE:

Mantovani, Diritto penale. Parte speciale II: Delitti contro il patrimonio, CEDAM ultima edizione;

oppure: Bartoli, I delitti contro il patrimonio, in Bartoli-Pelissero-Seminara, Giappichelli, 2021, p.219-397; oppure: Pagliaro, Principi di diritto penale. P.S., Reati contro il patrimonio, Giuffre' 2003, con gli aggiornamenti che che saranno indicati a lezione e messi a disposizione sul portale del corso per gli studenti iscritti.

АМВІТ	20012-Penalistico
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	136
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)	64

EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE

The course aims at providing students with an adequate knowledge and understanding of the criminal law system, as it results from both theoretical reasonings and judicial decisions. The lesson method is interactive, with oral and written contribution of the students.

Hrs	Frontal teaching
8	Introduction of criminal law
18	Sources of criminal law
24	Elements of crime and general defences
20	Accomplices, Attempt, Sentencing
16	Criminal sanctions and preventive measures
12	The special part of criminal law and the crimes against property
15	Crimes against property through violence (Theft, Robbery, criminal damage, extortion, misappropriation).
15	Crimes against property through fraud (e.g. Fraud, Usury, Money Laundering)
8	Introduction of criminal law
18	Sources of criminal law
24	Elements of crime and general defences
20	Accomplices, Attempt, Sentencing
16	Criminal sanctions and preventive measures
12	The special part of criminal law and the crimes against property
15	Crimes against property through violence (Theft, Robbery, criminal damage, extortion, misappropriation).
15	Crimes against property through fraud (e.g. Fraud, Usury, Money Laundering)

Prof. VINCENZO MILITELLO - Lettere A-C, - Lettere A-C

SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

INDISPENSABILE e' lo studio di un codice penale aggiornato e completo delle principali leggi complementari. PER LA PARTE GENERALE:

Pagliaro, Principi di diritto penale. P.G., Giuffre' Milano, IX ed, 2020, con gli aggiornamenti che che saranno indicati a lezione e messi a disposizione sul portale del corso per gli studenti iscritti.

PER LA PARTE SPECIALE:

Mantovani, Diritto penale. Parte speciale II: Delitti contro il patrimonio, CEDAM ultima edizione;

oppure: Bartoli, I delitti contro il patrimonio, in Bartoli-Pelissero-Seminara, Giappichelli, 2021, p.219-397; oppure: Pagliaro, Principi di diritto penale. P.S., Reati contro il patrimonio, Giuffre' 2003, con gli aggiornamenti che che saranno indicati a lezione e messi a disposizione sul portale del corso per gli studenti iscritti.

АМВІТ	20012-Penalistico
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	136
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)	64

EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE

The course aims at providing students with an adequate knowledge and understanding of the criminal law system, as it results from both theoretical reasonings and judicial decisions. The lesson method is interactive, with oral and written contribution of the students.

Hrs	Frontal teaching
8	Introduction of criminal law
18	Sources of criminal law
24	Elements of crime and general defences
20	Accomplices, Attempt, Sentencing
16	Criminal sanctions and preventive measures
12	The special part of criminal law and the crimes against property
15	Crimes against property through violence (Theft, Robbery, criminal damage, extortion, misappropriation).
15	Crimes against property through fraud (e.g. Fraud, Usury, Money Laundering)
8	Introduction of criminal law
18	Sources of criminal law
24	Elements of crime and general defences
20	Accomplices, Attempt, Sentencing
16	Criminal sanctions and preventive measures
12	The special part of criminal law and the crimes against property
15	Crimes against property through violence (Theft, Robbery, criminal damage, extortion, misappropriation).
15	Crimes against property through fraud (e.g. Fraud, Usury, Money Laundering)