

# UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI PALERMO

DEPARTMENT	Matematica e Informatica
ACADEMIC YEAR	2018/2019
BACHELOR'S DEGREE (BSC)	MATHEMATICS
INTEGRATED COURSE	MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS 2
CODE	01250
MODULES	Yes
NUMBER OF MODULES	2
SCIENTIFIC SECTOR(S)	MAT/05
HEAD PROFESSOR(S)	MARRAFFA VALERIA Professore Associato Univ. di PALERMO
OTHER PROFESSOR(S)	TULONE FRANCESCO Ricercatore Univ. di PALERMO
	MARRAFFA VALERIA Professore Associato Univ. di PALERMO
CREDITS	12
PROPAEDEUTICAL SUBJECTS	01249 - MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS 1
MUTUALIZATION	
YEAR	2
TERM (SEMESTER)	Annual
ATTENDANCE	Not mandatory
EVALUATION	Out of 30
TEACHER OFFICE HOURS	MARRAFFA VALERIA
	Monday 10:30 12:30 Dipartimento di Matematica e Informatica, Via Archirafi 34, studio n.221
	TULONE FRANCESCO
	Monday 15:00 17:00 Dipartimento di Matematica ed Informatica, 2° piano, studio personale del docente.

PREREQUISITES	Contents of the course of Mathematical Analysis I; matrix algebra, eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a matrix, diagonalization; knowledge of the space R3.
LEARNING OUTCOMES	Knowledge and understanding Arguments of the course of Mathematical Analysis 2 is the differential calculus of more variables, multiple integrals and differential equations. Aim of the course is to acquire a rigorous method of reasoning and the ability to use the specilanguage and methods of the discipline.  This knowledge is achieved by participation in lectures and integrative teaching activities in the classroom. The achievement of objectives is verified by the specific tests and final exams.
	Applying knowledge and understanding Solve problems of moderate difficulty and repeat rigorous proofs. Capacity application of the resolution techniques of the exercises in more general fields Mathematics. These objectives are achieved through the completion of tl demonstrations, not developed in full, and the resolution of problems moderate difficulty regarding the topics taught.
	Making judgements Learners must be able to develop logical arguments with a clear identification assumptions and conclusions; They must be able to recognize corredemonstrations; to understand mathematical models associated with concresituations arising from other disciplines and to use these models to facilitate the study of the original situation.
	Communication skill Knowing how to exhibit in the written and oral, both in their own language and English, with logical rigor, with property of language and competently ideas at problem-solving methods. Know mathematically formalize situations of practic interest, in industry or in economics.
	Lifelong learning skills Capacity to acquire information contained in texts of Mathematics and are abto deepen independently the study of mathematical problems.
ASSESSMENT METHODS	Final assessment consists of a written test and an oral test. The written exam can be replaced by two -course tests and consists in solving four / six exercise which tend to ensure that they possess the resolution methods related to the arguments of the course.  The oral exam consists of two / three questions on all parties covered by the program. Final assessment aims to evaluate whether the student has knowledge and understanding of the topics, he/she can prove the theorems an possesses property of language, mathematical rigor and language and reasoning skills.  The criteria for evaluation are as follows: Rating: Excellent. Rating: 29-30 cum laude. Outcome: excellent knowledge of the topics, excellent property of language and analytical skill; the student is abl to apply the knowledge to solve the exercises. Rating: very good. Rating: 26-28. Outcome: good knowledge of the topics, full ownership of language and analytical ability; the student is able to apply the knowledge to solve the exercises. Rating: Good. Rating: 22-25. Outcome: Basic knowledge of the main topics discreet property of language and limited analytical capacity; the student is ab to apply partially the knowledge to solve the exercises. Rating: enough. Rating: 18-21. Outcome: minimum basic knowledge of the matopics and language; the student is able to solve very elementary exercises.
	Rating: Not enough. Rating: <18. Outcome: does not have an acceptable knowledge of the contents of the course topics and is not able to solve the exercises.
TEACHING METHODS	Lectures and exercises in classroom. Lectures and educational activities last one academic year, but they are divided into two semesters in the second year of the course. At the end of each module there is a written test (not compulsory), whose positive result can replace in whole or in part the final written test.

## MODULE COMPLEX ANALYSIS AND DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Prof. FRANCESCO TULONE

#### SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Pagani, Salsa, Analisi matematica 1 e 2, Zanichelli

M. Bertsch, Dal Passo, Elementi di Analisi Matematica, Aracne

#### Cosultabili:

Marcellini - Sbordone, Esercitazioni di Matematica, II volume, parte prima e parte seconda, Liguori Markusevic, Elementi di teoria delle funzioni analitiche, Editori Riuniti

AMBIT	50198-Formazione Teorica
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	94
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)	56

#### **EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE**

The goal of this module is to increase the knowledge of differential equations with their applications to physical phenomena, to study part of complex analysis and how to use it in classical math analysis

#### **SYLLABUS**

STELABOS		
Hrs	Frontal teaching	
8	Formulae of Gauss-Green and change of variables, surfaces and integral of surfaces, Stokes formula and divergence theorem	
8	Differential equations, Cauchy problem, local existence and uniqueness, regularity of solutions, global existence and uniqueness, continuous dipendence of solution from the initial data, integration of equation of first order	
8	Linear differential equations, method of variation of constants, linear differential equations with constant coefficients homogeneous and not homogeneous, systems of equations	
8	Function with complex variables, Holomorfic functions, Cauchy-Riemann conditions, complex integration, Cauchy integral formula, complex power series, Taylor series, Laurent series, singularities, residue theorem	
Hrs	Practice	
<b>Hrs</b> 6	Practice  Exercises on Gauss-Green formulase, change of variables, surfaces integrals, Stokes and divergence theorem	
_	Exercises on Gauss-Green formulase, change of variables, surfaces integrals, Stokes and	
6	Exercises on Gauss-Green formulase, change of variables, surfaces integrals, Stokes and divergence theorem  Exercises on differential equations, Cauchy problem, existence and uniqueness od solution,	

#### MODULE SETS OF FUNCTIONS AND DIFFERENTIAL AND INTEGRAL CALCULUS

Prof.ssa VALERIA MARRAFFA

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Pagani, Salsa – Analisi matematica 1 e 2 – Zanichelli P. Marcellini - C. Sbordone, Esercitazioni di Matematica, II volume, parte prima e parte seconda, Liguori

1. Marociiiii - O. Obordone, Eseroitazioni di Matematica, il Volume, parte prima e parte seconda, Eigaon		
AMBIT 50198-Formazione Teorica		
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	94	
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)	56	

#### **EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF THE MODULE**

Objective of the module is to deepen the knowledge of differential and integral calculus of more variable and the series of functions.

### **SYLLABUS**

Hrs	Frontal teaching
8	Sequences of functions: pointwise and uniform convergence. Exchange of limits; limit and derivative, limit and integral. Series of functions. Power series. Analytic functions. Fourier series .
8	Topology of R ^ n. Limits, continuity, derivability and differentiability of two or more variables. Problems of free and constrained optimization.
4	Local inversion theorem. Implicit functions, Dini theorem. Homogeneous functions.
8	Curves and integrals; linear differential forms.
4	Multiple integrals in normal domains and reduction formulas.
Hrs	Practice
8	Sequences of functions: pointwise and uniform convergence. Exchange of limits; limit and derivative, limit and integral. Series of functions. Power series. Analytic functions. Fourier series .
8	Topology of R ^ n. Limits, continuity, derivability and differentiability of two or more variables. Problems of free and constrained optimization.
6	Curves and integrals; linear differential forms.
2	Multiple integrals in normal domains and reduction formulas.