

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI PALERMO

DEPARTMENT	Giurisprudenza				
ACADEMIC YEAR	2018/2019				
MASTER'S DEGREE (MSC)	LAW				
SUBJECT	LEGAL LOGIC AND METHODOLOGY				
TYPE OF EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITY	A				
AMBIT	20002-Filosofico-giuridico				
CODE	15549				
SCIENTIFIC SECTOR(S)	IUS/20				
HEAD PROFESSOR(S)	MANIACI	GIORG	SIO	Professore Associato	Univ. di PALERMO
	BRIGAGI	_IA MAF	RCO	Professore Ordinario	Univ. di PALERMO
OTHER PROFESSOR(S)					
CREDITS	6				
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	102				
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)	48				
PROPAEDEUTICAL SUBJECTS	15550 - LEGAL PHILOSOPHY				
MUTUALIZATION					
YEAR	4				
TERM (SEMESTER)	2° semester				
ATTENDANCE	Not mandatory				
EVALUATION	Out of 30				
TEACHER OFFICE HOURS	BRIGAGL	IA MARC	co		
	Friday	11:00	13:00	Il ricevimento avverra, dietro prenotazione, presso Piazza Bologni 8, piano 2, stanza 11. Su richiesta, si potra concordare anche un ricevimento su Teams e, in caso di disponibilita del docente, in orari diversi da quelli su indicati.	
	MANIACI GIORGIO				
	Monday	13:00		teams	
	Friday	16:00	18:00	aula 3 dopo la lezione di logica	a

DOCENTE: Prof. GIORGIO MANIACI- Lettere A-L

DOCENTE: Proi. GIORGIO MANIACI- Lettere A-L	
PREREQUISITES Capacity to build and analyse complex argumentative structures; all conceptual analysis; basic knowledge of the main types of reasoning understanding of the problems of legal interpretation and adjudicati	ıg; basic
Knowledge and understanding: knowledge and understanding of the of legal reasoning, arguments, interpretive methods. Applying knowledge and understanding: ability to reconstruct the margumentative models operating in both hypothetical and real legal Making judgments: ability to use properly legal arguments in or autonomous judgments about the solution of both hypothetical acases. Communication: ability to communicate in a clear and exhaustive convincingly argue in defence of given solutions to legal cases, margus of technical legal language. Lifelong learning skills: development of ratiocinative and arguments also in dialectical contexts.	easoning and discourses. rder to make and real legal way, and to king a proper
Final exam. Exam type: oral exam (min. 3questions). Evaluation: Grades on a scale between 18 and 30 cum laude. Evaluation Grid: - Excellent: 30-30 cum laude. Excellent knowledge and understand communication and argumentative skills, proper use of technical lat - Very good: 26-29. Good knowledge and understanding, good com and argumentative skills, proper use of technical language Good: 24-25. Basic knowledge and understanding, average comm skills, limited argumentative skills Average: 21-23. Limited basic knowledge and understanding, suff communication skills, poor argumentative skills Fair: 18-20. Minimal basic knowledge and understanding, poor co skills, poor argumentative skills.	nguage. Imunication nunication icient
EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES The course aims at examining the nature, structure and methods of reasoning, argumentation and interpretation, reflecting on the role addifferent forms of rationality in the law.	
amorone or radionally in the later	
TEACHING METHODS Lectures, seminars	

SYLLABUS

Hrs	Frontal teaching
2	Reasoning. Logic and Psychology
2	Normativity of reasoning
2	Practical and theoretical reasoning
2	Practical reasoning and norms
4	Reasoning and argumentation
4	Bounded rationality
2	Heuristics and biases
6	Legal reasoning and bounded rationality
2	Legal reasoning and interpretation
2	Theories of legal interpretation
6	Rules and techniques of statutory interpretation
4	Constitutional interpretation
2	Legal reasoners: judges
2	Reasoning, proof, trial
2	Legal reasoners: public administration
4	Conclusions. Law and reason

DOCENTE: Prof. MARCO BRIGAGLIA- Lettere M-Z

DUCENTE: PTOI. MARCO BRIGAGLIA- Lelle	JC W Z	
PREREQUISITES	Capacity to build and analyse complex argumentative structures; aptitude to conceptual analysis; basic knowledge of the main types of reasoning; basic understanding of the problems of legal interpretation and adjudication.	
LEARNING OUTCOMES	Knowledge and understanding: knowledge and understanding of the main forms of legal reasoning, arguments, interpretive methods. Applying knowledge and understanding: ability to reconstruct the reasoning and argumentative models operating in both hypothetical and real legal discourses. Making judgments: ability to use properly legal arguments in order to make autonomous judgments about the solution of both hypothetical and real legal cases. Communication: ability to communicate in a clear and exhaustive way, and to convincingly argue in defence of given solutions to legal cases, making a proper use of technical legal language. Lifelong learning skills: development of ratiocinative and argumentative skills, also in dialectical contexts.	
ASSESSMENT METHODS	Final exam. Exam type: oral exam; 2 minimum number of questions Evaluation: Grades on a scale between 18 and 30 cum laude. Evaluation Grid: - Excellent: 30-30 cum laude. Excellent knowledge and understanding, excellent communication and argumentative skills, proper use of technical language. - Very good: 26-29. Good knowledge and understanding, good communication and argumentative skills, proper use of technical language. - Good: 24-25. Basic knowledge and understanding, average communication skills, limited argumentative skills. - Average: 21-23. Limited basic knowledge and understanding, sufficient communication skills, poor argumentative skills. - Fair: 18-20. Minimal basic knowledge and understanding, poor communication skills, poor argumentative skills.	
EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES	The course aims at examining the nature, structure and methods of legal reasoning, argumentation and interpretation, reflecting on the role and the different forms of rationality in the law.	
TEACHING METHODS	class	
SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY	Andrea Iacona, L'argomentazione, Einaudi, Torino, 2010; Giorgio Maniaci, Contro il paternalismo giuridico, Torino, Giappichelli, 2012, presentazione, cap. I §1, cap. II. I. Copi, Introduction to logic, 2010; R.Sartorious, Paternalism, 1983	

SYLLABUS

Hrs	Frontal teaching
2	formal rationality
2	substantial rationality
2	arguments pro formal conception of rationality
2	bounded rationality
2	ideal rationality
2	internal or external justification in judicial reasoning
2	methodological principle of interpretation and other directives
2	how to oblige judges to make explicit value-judgements
2	a judicial motivation sufficiently rational
2	paternalism and antipaternalism in the interpretation of the constitution
2	four conditions fro a sufficient degree of autonomy
2	coercive pressures
2	stability of desires
2	theological argument
2	argument of individual autonomy
2	perfectionist argument
2	utilitaristic and organicistic argument
4	human dignity argument
4	no-disposable rights
2	slippery slope argument
2	assiste suicide fro depressive people
2	surrogacy motherhood